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On One Subject.  
You say your husband is deaf?  
Yes; she wants more dolls and he won't hear of it.  
Topics.

Anticipation.  
AKE that ink away from the baby.  
Now, let him write a novel if he wants to. Gotta begin some time.  
Luluville Courier-Journal.

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Fully Priced for  
Friday and Saturday  
**\$4.85**  
lar \$7.00 Values  
is up-to-the-minute in style  
ly designed. Made in brown  
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**Ladies' 1 and 2  
Strap Slippers; very  
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Felt Slippers; very  
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The number of Post-Dispatches sold in St. Louis every day is double that of the Globe-Democrat.

VOL. 71, NO. 144.

## ALLIED COUNCIL IS DISPOSING OF PRELIMINARIES AT TODAY'S SESSION

Details Being Cleared Up in Preparation for Formal Opening of the First Full Session of the Peace Congress Tomorrow.

## PUBLICITY QUESTION AGAIN TAKEN UP

British and American Correspondents Demand Free Access to Deliberations—Reconsideration Obtained by President Wilson.

By the Associated Press.  
PARIS, Jan. 17.—The Supreme Council is in session again today to clear up preliminaries to the formal opening of the first full session of the peace congress tomorrow.

The council at noon took a recess until 2 o'clock. It was announced that no official statement regarding the proceedings would be made until the conclusion of the afternoon session.

League of Nations Covenant.

The draft of the League of Nations in the form of treaty enactment has now proceeded much further than generally supposed, as a result of recent conferences between Lord Robert Cecil, Secretary Lansing and E. M. House, at which the basic features of the various projects were embodied in concrete form of enactment. This is called a covenant, instead of a treaty, and embraces 13 articles and eight supplementary provisions, which bring together the main features of all the plans presented.

The covenant, while subject to such revision, probably will be ready for the congress or committee whenever the subject is considered.

At the instance of President Wilson the supreme inter-allied council decided yesterday to hold in abeyance the proposed rule for virtual secrecy regarding the deliberations, beyond information given in official statements. It was also decided to request representatives of the British, American and Italian press to present a plan for reporting the meeting.

Writers Want to Get In.  
It was said in American circles that the stir caused by Wednesday's action was not at all unwelcome to the British and American officials, who were willing to work for a leader rule which would open the proceedings to public view, to some extent at least.

British correspondents held a meeting and adopted resolutions asking that the British press be admitted to the sittings of the congress. American correspondents also adopted resolutions declaring they would be satisfied with nothing less than access to all deliberations.

These resolutions were brought before a meeting, at which were present representatives of the press from the nations associated in the war against Germany. A committee was appointed to report today a plan of reporting the deliberations which will be presented to the peace delegates.

The proposition to make decisions of the meeting of correspondents was rejected.

Vice Presidents Decided On.  
Said Premier Clemenceau as military officer at the peace conference provision has been made for a vice president, who will act in the absence of the president, who will be President Wilson.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

## "Receivership Only Method to Improve Street Car Service"

THAT a receivership for the United Railways is the only method by which the city can obtain permanent street railway stabilization, was the opinion expressed today by the executive board and the United Railways Committee of the Civic League.

This point, it was announced, will be particularly emphasized in the league's final report on the mill tax-franchise deal between the Mayor and the company, which is now being considered by the executive board and United Railways Committee of the league. In a statement the executive board of the Civic League says:

The arrangement with the United Railways Co. is a challenge to the people of St. Louis. It precipitates the most serious municipal crisis in recent years. We feel it to be of such concern as to warrant a most searching investigation into all the legal and political means at the disposal of the people for relief.

A receivership, the league believes, is the only method by which the street car service may be improved to provide more cars, fewer flat wheels and greater track repairs.

The league takes the position that the deal between the city and the United Railways is an endeavor to avoid a receivership for the company. It cites the Cleveland Railways receivership as an example of what should be done in St. Louis to obtain permanent street railway stabilization.

A further conference with its United Railways Committee is being held this afternoon by the league's Executive Committee. The League Committee met yesterday afternoon, as previously announced, and continued their conference last night.

## CHURCH REFUSES \$1,000,000 FOR OIL LEASE ON GRAVEYARD

Cemetery is Surrounded by Wells—Congregation Has \$200,000 a Year Income From Rights.

By the Associated Press.  
PORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 17.—The Merriman Baptist Church of Ranger, which already has acquired an income of \$200,000 a year through oil wells sunk in its church yard has refused \$1,000,000 for the right to develop oil wells in the graveyard which adjoins the church, it became known here today.

The graveyard is surrounded by oil wells and numerous companies have made the congregation, which has only 29 members, fabulous offers for the burying ground. The congregation has voted that none of its members shall profit personally by its good fortune but that the entire income shall be devoted to the glory of God. One hundred thousand dollars already have been distributed among Baptist institutions in this State.

## GERMAN HANDKERCHIEF WITH MAP OF BATTLEFIELD ON IT

St. Louis Member of 110th Engineers Sends Home Unusual Trophy Picked Up in a Dugout.

Private Henry L. Welsh, E. Company, 110th Engineers, has sent his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Welsh, 1634A Helen street, an unusual handkerchief found in a German dugout during the Argonne fighting. It is of extra large size, and bears a military map of the German-French war ground in 1914. The captured territory is dark-shaded, while the fortified cities of France are designated in red.

Valleys, rivers and tiny streams are shown. The border is of the German national colors, around which are twined victory palms. Welsh enlisted in October, 1917, and served the following May. A brother, Charles L. Welsh, is in France with the United States war escort troops, which are guarding German prisoners.

## ALOE SAYS SCOPE OF U. R. DEAL WAS NOT EXPLAINED

President of Aldermen, Also Estimate Board Member, Declares He Didn't Understand Stipulation.

## FAVORS 'ANY LEGAL MOVES FOR CONTEST'

Asserts It Was Not Made Clear to Him That Franchises for All Car Lines Were Being Validated.

President Aloe of the Board of Aldermen, who is a member of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, said today that he does not concur in the action of Mayor Kiel and City Counselor Daves in agreeing to the validation of all franchises of the United Railways Co. until 1939.

Aloe said that he would favor any legal move, in the Board of Aldermen or elsewhere, to contest the action of the City Law Department, approved by the Mayor, in signing the agreement published yesterday. The scope of this agreement, Aloe said, was not explained to him at the Board of Estimate meeting last Saturday, at which he and Comptroller Nolte approved the Mayor's plan for settlement of the mill tax controversy.

Favors Contest, He Says.

Mayor Kiel's statement, given out Saturday evening, regarding the agreement with the company, set forth the company's promise to pay the mill tax, past and future, without further delay or contest, and stated that in return, the city would withdraw its attack on the validity of the company's franchise on Jefferson avenue. This, the Mayor said, would enable the company to borrow money to finance itself, as it could not negotiate loans while its franchise was under a legal cloud. At the end of the statement, Mayor Kiel said the agreement had the approval of his colleagues on the Board of Estimate.

"I did agree to the statement submitted by the Mayor," Aloe said, "but it contained nothing about the validation of any franchise except the Jefferson avenue one. I was greatly surprised when I learned yesterday of the signing of a stipulation approving the validity of all the other franchises until 1939. I did not agree to any such plan, and I am ready to aid in contesting it."

The intention of validating all the franchises was shown in the following paragraph of the stipulation made public yesterday:

It being the intention of the parties hereto that said judgment rendered in favor of the United Railways, and said affirmation thereof by the Supreme Court, shall operate to finally fix and establish the right of the United Railways to operate its various lines of street railways in the city of St. Louis, under the 18th day of March, 1939, under and pursuant to said ordinance No. 19,738.

When he was told that Alderman Natchez, who said judgment rendered in favor of the United Railways, and said affirmation thereof by the Supreme Court, shall operate to finally fix and establish the right of the United Railways to operate its various lines of street railways in the city of St. Louis, under the 18th day of March, 1939, under and pursuant to said ordinance No. 19,738.

Resolution for Investigation.  
Hall's resolution is as follows: "Whereas, it is reported and officially announced that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and the Mayor of the city of St. Louis and the City Counselor of the city of St. Louis have entered into an agreement with the United Railways Co. whereby it is claimed that a virtual extension of the United Railways' franchises has been granted.

"Therefore, be it resolved, That a committee of five members of the Board of Aldermen be appointed to investigate aforesaid agreement and report to this Board of Aldermen."

Hall declared the drawing up of the agreement without consulting the Board of Aldermen was "an outrage."

Statement by Nolte.  
Comptroller Nolte, who with Mayor Kiel and Aloe, constituted the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, said that it was his recollection that, at Saturday's meeting, the Mayor said that in his opinion the dismissal of the Jefferson avenue franchise case would remove the cloud which had hung over the company's other franchises, and would enable it to finance itself. No mention of a stipulation to this effect was mentioned at that time, Comptroller Nolte said, but he understood from the discussion that it was the policy of the city administration to validate all the franchises. The legal procedure, he said, was left to City Counselor Daves. The resolution at \$100,000, was lost.

## Location of Graves of Many in 35th Division Compiled

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—ESLEY R. CHILDS, former Postmaster on the Kansas side, who spent six months in France as a Y. M. C. A. worker, has compiled a list of the locations of the graves of many members of the Thirty-fifth Division.

The information was gathered shortly after the Argonne Forest battle. Childs has classified his information and will give it to the relatives of the fallen. He may be reached at the Butler County State Bank at Eldorado.

## WILSON REPUDIATES REPORTED THREAT TO QUIT PEACE PARTY

Clemenceau Shows Him Telegram, and Then Gives Warning Against False Reports.  
By the Associated Press.  
PARIS, Jan. 17.—Premier Clemenceau in the Chamber of Deputies today gave a warning against false reports concerning the peace conference.

"I saw yesterday a telegram addressed to the New York Tribune," he said, "in which it was said that President Wilson has threatened to withdraw all his troops and himself retire if certain stipulations of his were not granted. When I showed this telegram to Mr. Wilson this morning, he replied to me: 'What an abominable falsehood!'"

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—When this dispatch was shown today to Garret, managing editor of the New York Tribune, he said: "The Tribune has never received any such statement from Paris, and none even remotely resembling such a statement was denied by President Wilson. He has never been published in the Tribune."

## 87 VACANCIES AS POLICEMEN; JOBS ARE OPEN TO SOLDIERS

15 Members of Department Who Went to War Have Been Returned to Old Places in Month.

Fifteen patrolmen, probationaries, chauffeurs and clerks who gave up their positions in the Police Department to help win the war either in the army, navy or in war industries, have been restored to their former places in the last month. Four others who have returned have made application for reinstatement, and franchises were under a legal cloud at the end of the statement, Mayor Kiel said the agreement had the approval of his colleagues on the Board of Estimate.

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## BARTENDER KILLS ROBBER TRYING TO HOLD UP SALOON

Employee Opens Fire on Two Men Who Enter Olive Street Place at 11:15 P. M. and Is Himself Wounded.

## ONE OF THE TWO ROBBERS ESCAPE

Dead Man Recognized by Police as Harvey Davis—Companion Thought to Have Been Wounded.

Two saloon robbers ran into an unexpected barrage of bullets at 11:15 o'clock last night, when they attempted to hold up a fighting bartender and his customers in Bishop & Bartlett's saloon, 2000 Olive street, and when the smoke cleared away one of the robbers lay on the barroom floor mortally wounded and the other, apparently wounded, was fleeing in an automobile, leaving the bartender, Michael Deelo, 43 years old, 4963 Wise avenue, slightly wounded but in full possession of affairs.

The slain robber was identified as Harvey Davis, 28 years old, formerly of 6215 Etzel avenue, a police officer. The other robber is being sought through inquiries at doctors' offices, to one of which it is thought he may have gone for treatment of his wounds.

Deelo, who suffered a bullet wound through the right shoulder, was treated at the city hospital and removed to his home. He was not seriously wounded. The robber was shot through the head, the bullet entering over the left ear. He also was taken to the city hospital, but never regained consciousness and died at 3:10 a. m. today.

Came in Automobile.  
Deelo's version of the shooting is that two men from an automobile entered the saloon with drawn revolvers and commanded him and three customers to hold up their hands. Deelo quickly dropped behind the bar, and as he did so the robber identified as Davis reached over the bar and shot him through the shoulder. But Deelo had dropped for another purpose than to avoid being shot, for he suddenly arose with a revolver in each hand, and opened fire on the robbers.

His first shot was well placed and Davis fell with the bullet through his brain. The next five shots from the revolver in Deelo's right hand either struck or bewildered the second robber, who had not fired a shot, for he staggered and almost toppled over, according to Deelo, but quickly regained his feet and dashed outside and into the waiting automobile.

Deelo followed to the street, but the car had a good start and was going west on Olive street at high speed. Three customers, who were drinking at the bar when the robbers entered, dashed through a rear door at the first shot.

## Man Shot Escaping From Robber.

John Hart, 43 years old, was shot by one of two highwaymen who attempted to hold him up at 6:30 o'clock last evening at Eleventh and Ruter street when the robbers ordered him to put up his hands he ran away and a bullet fired at him as he ran clipped off the top of his left ear and grazed his temple.

Fred Schaefer, 29 years old, of 2820 Howard street, told the police that five men surrounded him at Jefferson avenue and Howard street at 11 p. m. and took \$2.35 and a watch from him.

Paul Horner, of East St. Louis was robbed of \$70 by two men who held him up at Belmont and Locust streets at 12:15 a. m. today.

## PRESIDENT ATTENDS THEATER

By the Associated Press.  
PARIS, Jan. 17.—Wilson worked in his study yesterday afternoon and late in the day went for a drive.

He went to the Champs Elysees Theater with American officials last night and enjoyed a production entitled "Amex Revue, 1918," given by the Argonne players, most of whom were soldiers with histrionic talent.

# DR. LIEBKNECHT AND ROSA LUXEMBURG SLAIN IN BERLIN

German Radical Leaders Slain When Being Taken to Prison



ROSA LUXEMBURG.

## SHIP HITS MINE; 500 PASSENGERS DROWN

Another Steamer Saves 150 From the French Liner Chaproi in Messina Straits.

## PARTLY CLOUDY AND LITTLE CHANGE IN TEMPERATURE

By the Associated Press.  
ROME, Jan. 17.—The French steamer Chaproi has struck a floating mine in the Straits of Messina, sinking in a few minutes.

Five hundred passengers, mostly Greeks, Serbians and Russians, have been drowned.

Another steamer saved 150 of those on board.

## OBLIGING GROCER GOES TO CUSTOMER'S HOME, SHOOTS THIEF

Woman Saw Two Men Looting Apartment and Returned to Store to Obtain Help.

Henry Friedmeyer, a grocer of 2001 Branch street, obligingly went to the home of a customer last night and shot a burglar whom the customer, Mrs. Florence Linders, 2015 Angelotti street, had found there. The wounded man was William Steffen, 22 years old, 2198 Drehten street.

Mrs. Linders had returned from Friedmeyer's store, and saw, through the window, two men ransacking drawers. She ran back to the store and told Friedmeyer, who armed himself with a revolver and went with her. Mrs. Linders screamed at the intruders and they ran out. Friedmeyer fired several shots, one hitting Steffen in the right side. The other man escaped.

On information given by Steffen, the police later arrested Charles Manley, 17, of 3311 North Eleventh street, who admitted he was the intruder, and said he and Steffen had recently committed two other robberies. Steffen denied this.

## CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES ARE SUSPENDED IN BARCELONA

Spanish Government's Action Follows Demonstrations in Province in Favor of Autonomy.

## SPARTACAN LEADERS ARE SHOT ON WAY TO PRISON

Woman Beaten by Mob at Hotel, Thrown Into Auto to Be Taken to Cell and Then Shot by Man Who Jumps on Running Board of Machine.

## LIEBKNECHT KILLED AS HE TRIES TO FLEE

Reichstag Member Shot by Soldiers When He Attempts to Get Away While Guards Wait for Motor Car.

By Associated Press.  
BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, leaders of the Spartacan forces, have been killed.

When it became known yesterday that Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were at the hotel Eden in the western part of the city, a crowd rapidly congregated and stormed the hotel lobby to lay hands on them. Both were taken to a side entrance of the hotel, but the mob forestalled the attempt of the troops to save Pauline Luxemburg. She was beaten into insensibility and then thrown into an automobile by the crowd which intended to take her to prison.

## Woman Shot Through Head.

A few blocks down the street the machine was halted by a second mob and when the presence of Pauline Luxemburg became known, a man jumped on the running board of the car and shot her through the head. The body was dragged from the automobile and carried off. It is supposed that it was thrown into the canal, but it has not been found.

Meantime, Dr. Liebknecht was hurried into another automobile by officers and troops and the car was headed for the Moabit prison. While going through the Tiergarten, the machine was halted by a mob and shot by the officers, who intended to halt another automobile and capture toward the prison. While waiting Dr. Liebknecht tried to escape and was shot dead by soldiers, who had anticipated such an effort on his part.

When Dr. Liebknecht was arrested at the home of a relative on Mannheimer strasse yesterday morning he stoutly denied his identity. After being escorted to the Tiden Hotel, he was searched and his monogram, "K. L.," was discovered on his shirt.

Dr. Liebknecht's attempt at escape was the last desperate dash for freedom on the part of a man who had left prison only last October. When the automobile which was carrying him broke down, he was warned against any attempt at flight. The officer in charge asked Dr. Liebknecht, who was bleeding from a wound in the head he had received through being struck by a cane in the hands of some member of the mob, whether he felt able to walk a few hundred yards to the next street, where a new automobile could be found.

Liebknecht refused to walk. When near a group of troops Dr. Liebknecht pushed aside the soldier nearest him and dashed for the underbrush in the Tiergarten. The soldiers ordered him to halt. He paid no attention to their demands and several shots were fired at him. One bullet struck him in the base of the neck, squarely between the shoulders, and his death was virtually instantaneous.

Dr. Liebknecht's capture was due

## The Post-Dispatch

is the Only Evening Paper in St. Louis that receives the

## Associated Press Dispatches

The Post-Dispatch does not publish either W. R. Hearst's International News Service or the United Press dispatches.

"We had no whores or other implements," Thorne said, "so we completed the cargo with coffins, and the cargo went aboard about a ship load of coffins."



to a telephone conversation overheard by detectives, in which he and Rosa Luxemburg agreed to meet at the home of a man named Marcusson, in the suburb of Wilhelmsdorf. Marcusson's home, the police say, has long been one of the gathering places of the Spartacists.

"Divine Justice," View of Press. Virtually the entire Berlin press regards the fate of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg as having "something of divine justice in it," as the Tages Zeitung phrases it.

Of Dr. Liebknecht the Local Anzeiger says: "He brought his fate upon himself." Continuing its comment, the newspaper says: "The murder of Rosa Luxemburg shows how tremendous must have been the indignation which has seized the people of Berlin as the result of the criminal activities of the Spartacists. Such summary judgments have ordinarily been foreign to the German manner of thinking."

The press in general deplors the lynching of Rosa Luxemburg, but declares she fell victim to the basest passions which she herself had awakened. Die Freiheit alone tries to lay the responsibility upon the Government.

The Government announced that the circumstances attending the deaths of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg would be investigated, and that punishment would follow if it appeared that the custodians of either victim had neglected their duty or had any part in the tragedy.

## LIEBKNECHT FOE OF MILITARISM FOR MANY YEARS

Was Sent to Prison Twice, Served in Reichstag—Rosa Luxemburg Socialist Editor.

Karl Paul August Friederich Liebknecht was born at Leipzig, Aug. 13, 1871. After being graduated from the University of Leipzig he entered politics as a Socialist. He was a radical opponent of the militarist policies of Germany from the first of his political career and this led to his trial on a charge of high treason in 1907 following the appearance of an anti-military pamphlet written by him. The charge of high treason was not proved, but he was convicted on a less serious count and sent to prison for 15 months.

Dr. Liebknecht visited America in 1910 and lectured in New York during his stay in that city.

In 1912 he was elected to the German Reichstag from Potsdam and the next year caused a furor in Germany by bringing charges against Krupp's, saying that that organization was inspiring war spirit against the French. He continued his attack in the course of debate mentioned Emperor William and the Crown Prince as being involved in the alleged conspiracy centered around Krupp's. As a result of his revelations several army officers were tried for accepting bribes from Krupp's. They were convicted, but received light sentences.

Refused to Do Military Duty. When the great war broke out, Dr. Liebknecht refused to do military duty and it was rumored that he had been executed. This report was untrue and he later was found in the ranks of an engineer battalion on the Russian front, where in December, 1918, he was seriously injured by a falling tree.

Although in the German army he did not cease his attacks against the military system and several times he was reported to be involved in bitter controversies with the junker leaders of Germany. This struggle went on until May 1, 1916, when he was arrested for making an incendiary address at a May-day demonstration in Berlin. After trial he was sentenced to prison for 30 months. From this sentence he was appealed, and on retrial he was sentenced to jail for four years and one month.

This sentence resulted in grave disorders in Berlin and in Spandau, demands being made for Dr. Liebknecht's release. While in prison he continued to write articles which were given clandestine circulation among the Socialists of Germany. One of his pamphlets accused the German Government of being guilty of bringing on the war. During his imprisonment he was elected to the Reichstag from Spandau.

After being in prison two years and two months, he was released on Oct. 24, 1918. In the political cataclysm that developed in Germany early in November, resulting in the abdication of Emperor William, his flight and the establishment of a Socialist Government, Dr. Liebknecht played a prominent part.

Led Spartacus Group. When the Ebert Government had been in existence only a few days, Dr. Liebknecht became leader of a radical Socialist faction known as the Spartacus element. Rumors came that a terrorist revolution was imminent, and this developed late in December. The rising tide of radicalism reached its crest during the first week of January when the Spartacists came into armed conflict with troops loyal to the Ebert Government. After a week of fighting the Spartacists were defeated. During the conflict it was reported several times that Dr. Liebknecht had been killed. Dr. Liebknecht's arrest followed.

Rosa Luxemburg was formerly principal editor of the Vorwarts, the organ of the German Socialists. She often came into conflict with the authorities, and twice underwent imprisonment for freely expressing her view on subjects connected with the Government.

She was consistently opposed to the war, and at one time her writings brought about criminal proceedings against leaders of the Socialist party. In the November revolution she was reputed to be the leader of the most violent group of Socialists. Later she seconded Dr. Liebknecht in his efforts to organize the Spartacus element, although she strenuously opposed Dr. Liebknecht's proposal that elections for the National Assembly be held at once.

When the Spartacus uprising grew to open rebellion against the Ebert Government, she played an important part in urging the revolutionists to attack the Government troops. When it was evident that the cause, at least for the time being, was lost, she was reported to have left Berlin. Her arrest was reported Tuesday.

Karl Liebknecht was the son of Wilhelm Liebknecht, a close friend of Karl Marx and a German Socialist leader. The elder Liebknecht suffered eight months' imprisonment for starting a revolution in Baden in 1848. He was elected a member of the North German Reichstag in 1867 and served in there almost continuously until his death in 1900. For his opposition to the Franco-Prussian

## ALLIES EXTEND GERMAN PHRASES INSUFFICIENT, SAYS CLEMENCEAU

Clause on Restitution of Material Stolen in Invaded Countries Signed by Enemy Delegates.

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Jan. 17.—The German armistice has been extended one month by the commissioners, who have concluded their session at Treves.

The clauses offered by the allies concerning agricultural implements, prisoners of war, naval captivities and the restitution of material stolen by the Germans from invaded countries were signed by the enemy delegates.

By the Associated Press. AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.—The armistice between the allies and Germany has been extended, the agreement to that effect being signed by Matthias Erzberger, the German armistice commissioner, at Treves, late Wednesday, according to a Berlin dispatch received here.

By the Associated Press. BASEL, Thursday, Jan. 16.—Protests against the conditions imposed upon Germany by the allies in extending the armistice have been made by such and such other Governments. We are unanimous in thinking that that might create a bad feeling. We think that in the preliminary conversations we must, at all costs, arrive at an agreement so that there shall be a solid front at the general discussion.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, Jan. 17.—Rudolf Havenstein, president of the Imperial Bank of Germany (the Reichsbank), has been ordered to Spa by Marshal Foch, according to a dispatch from Berlin, to attend a conference concerning the Entente financial demands on Germany.

A Copenhagen dispatch, Dec. 26, 1918, reported that Dr. Havenstein had resigned as president of the Reichsbank. There has been no official confirmation of the report.

War, the elder Liebknecht was condemned to two years' imprisonment for treasonable intentions. He has been looked upon as the founder of the United German Socialists.

Officers Arrested After Killing of Spartacus Leaders.

By the Associated Press. AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.—Officers commanding the troops escorting Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg when those two radical leaders were killed have been provisionally arrested, according to a Berlin dispatch received here, which adds that all persons implicated in the incident will be severely punished.

675,000 Post-Dispatch Want Ads in 1918. 26,441 MORE than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined. Why? Answer: R-E-S-U-L-T-S

Premier in Chamber Declares There Must Be Spirit to Insure Life of World League.

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Jan. 16.—Premier Clemenceau spoke this afternoon in the Chamber of Deputies on the decision to keep proceedings of the peace congress secret. He had been interrupted by several Socialist Deputies and had asked that discussion of their questions be postponed, when he said:

"We have not yet found a final form in which communications from the peace congress will be made, but in a general way the principle of publicity has met with favor."

Here he was interrupted by Deputy Mistrail, who said: "Except by you, M. Clemenceau." He then had the honor to emphatically deny that statement. The Premier rejoined: "We all should like to keep proceedings secret so that it may not be said that such and such a country made such and such a proposal, and that such and such a country made such and such a reply. We are unanimous in thinking that that might create a bad feeling. We think that in the preliminary conversations we must, at all costs, arrive at an agreement so that there shall be a solid front at the general discussion."

"If we wish to form a league of nations," writing phrases is insufficient. There must be a prevailing spirit which will insure the life of this league of nations. We would like to finish this war by a full agreement of the civilized nations for a supreme ideal of a better humanity."

When asked what day the Government could discuss interpellations on the peace conference, Premier Clemenceau replied that the subjects of the conference had already occupied five or six sittings and the Government could not discuss them anew.

"I refused to attend an afternoon meeting of the conference in order to the conference which has been occupied five or six sittings and the Government could not discuss them anew."

"It is the first time that delegates of all the nations of the world meet together. It is the first time that the nations have come to the minds of men to rise above the more or less narrow considerations in order to strive to make conditions of a general peace which will assure tranquility to the world."

ALLIED COUNCIL IS DISPOSING OF ALL PRELIMINARIES TODAY Continued From Page One.

The Havana Agency has issued a note pointing out that by reason of the interchangeability of the delegates the French Government, when necessary, call in especially qualified plenipotentiaries, and that thus the different colonial problems will be discussed with all the necessary safeguards.

Cuba's Representation at Peace Conference Named.

By the Associated Press. HAVANA, Jan. 17.—Dr. Antonio Sanchez de Bustamante, professor of international law, former Senator and now acting as alien property representative, has been named as Cuba's representative to the peace conference at Paris. He stated that Cuba is wholly in accord with the United States and will follow its policy throughout.

"We have nothing to ask from the conference," he said.

FATHER FIRES SON FROM HIS BUSINESS FOLLOWING WEDDING

James E. Powers Announces That James E. Powers Jr. is No Longer Connected With Firm.

James E. Powers, president of the Powers Hardware and Furniture Co., announced today, following the wedding last evening of his son, James E. Powers Jr., manager of the company, and Miss Catherine Endicott Thompson at St. Philip's Episcopal Church, that the young man is no longer connected in any capacity with the company.

The senior Powers said that he knew nothing about the marriage, when asked in that had anything to do with his son's dismissal from the company. "You can just say that he is no longer connected with the firm and that is all there is to it," he said.

The engagement was announced recently. The bride is 20 years old and was graduated from the Ward-Belmont College, Nashville, Tenn., last June. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Thompson, who reside at the Washington Hotel. Powers is 33 years old.

E. M. House Much Better. By the Associated Press. PARIS, Jan. 17.—E. M. House, who has been several days, was so much improved last night that he had a half-hour conference with President Wilson, who drove to his apartment. House's physicians, however, probably will forbid his attending the opening session of the peace conference Saturday.

Fresh eggs from your own poultry pen. See the Post-Dispatch poultry Want Ads—Especially Sunday.

## AMERICAN AND BRITISH CO-OPERATION AT PARIS HAS NOTICEABLE EFFECT

President Warmly Supported British Idea of Dominion Representation—Western Problems Delicate.

By DAVID LAWRENCE.

Special Cable to the New York Evening Post and the Post-Dispatch. PARIS, Jan. 17.—Unquestionably the decision of the supreme council to withhold the news of the preliminary conferences is not final. President Wilson and Lloyd George gave Italian and Japanese representatives had insisted upon that rule, but the whole subject will be taken up again.

The council also discussed the question as to what language would be used; the British and Americans naturally favored the English language, but the French avowed historic claims and said their language was the official voice of European affairs.

The Italians are said to have made sundry remarks about the privilege to use their own language in the documents and the Japanese are understood to have taken a similar position.

The upshot will probably be the use of both French and English. Those questions may seem petty now, but are sure to be a source of conflict if left unsettled. As a matter of fact, the proceedings thus far have been marked by a give and take spirit, a happy augury.

Wilson Supports Britain.

Mr. Wilson continues to win favor by open-mindedness and personality. It was he who warmly supported the British proposal that their dominions be given separate representation.

This was of great importance to the British empire, which is anxious to make the colonies feel that they are separate nations and that the achievements of Canada, Australia and New Zealand shall not go unrecognized. The participation by the colonies in these conferences marks a step forward in their national development, and from a British viewpoint gives great steadiness to the league of nations idea, as it makes the territories feel their separate nationalities. Indeed, the amount of British and American co-operation is

as not to require guardianship of other nations, and the result of the whole discussion will, probably, be the first official recognition by all Powers of the Monroe doctrine which is now supplemented by Mr. Wilson's pronouncements against adding a single foot of territory by conquest or interference with the sovereignty of any Pan-American nation.

This is expected to be sufficient to prevent misunderstandings in Central and South America, whilst making clear the necessity of each nation to keep peace lest it involve the United States into complications with the league of nations to which it will be responsible.

In many respects this may prove salutary, as the trouble the United States had with Mexico was due at one time to support that certain European Governments and financial interests gave to political factions therein inimical to the United States.

Would Give U. S. Free Hand. The league of nations will probably insure America a free hand in the diplomacy of Pan-America and similarly impress each nation which is not directly responsible to the league or refuses to join, of obligations given to the United States by the league. It is fully expected Mr. Wilson's policy of calling neutrals into consultation whenever their interests are involved at the peace table will be followed. So every national which is diplomatically represented in Paris will have full opportunity here or through the Washington Ambassadors to present its viewpoint.

The biggest development of the last few days is the apparent concord reached between Great Britain, United States and France after settling vexatious economic problems which threatened recently to upset the whole spirit of co-operation. This has been followed by many earnest conversations on delicate problems involving national sensitivities, but the outlook for Saturday's big meeting is one of hopefulness that distinct progress will be made.

The Russian problem is giving more concern than Germany. Reading the American newspapers which have reached here one gets the impression that some American observers believe the peace conference has been deviating from the main business of punishing Germany. The fact is little is said on that question because of general agreement that the enemy must pay in every way.

Any such measures as Lloyd George's proposal to feed the Russian Bolsheviks or argument as to lifting the blockade partially to enable foodstuffs to enter Germany, is due to no spirit of leniency whatsoever, but practical aspects.

Statesmen Seek to Bring Order. The statesmen are less concerned in sentimentality either for Russia or Germany than they are about bringing order out of chaos. And

whether they like it or not, they are coming around to the opinion that they must deal with some established spokesman sooner or later. It would be better for them to sit in bringing about conditions which enable these countries to create agreements strong enough to take the severe international relations soon to be imposed by peace conference.

No one need worry that American, British, French, Italian and Japanese representative will suddenly develop an affection for Germany but there are many different opinions as to how to actually prevent anarchy and the spread of Bolshevism.

Since Germany has no voice in the agreements being made, statesmen here feel the responsibility for a program that must fit the situation as the troops of every country go to home.

It should also be said that even executive, premier and minister anxious these conditions of international peace everywhere established as early as possible moment, to enable trade to be resumed.

(Copyright, 1918, N. Y. Evening Post.)

SINN FEIN PARLIAMENT CALLS

Irish Republicans Consider Declaration of Independence.

By the Associated Press. DUBLIN, Jan. 17.—The Sinn Fein have set next Tuesday for the assembly of an Irish Republican Parliament. Only urgent matters will be dealt with in the absence of imprisoned members.

The Sinn Fein organization announced that at a conference of Republican members of the British Parliament the drafts of a declaration of independence and of a message to the nations of the world were considered. The meeting decided to recommend to the all-Irish conference the sending of Prof. de Valera, Arthur Griffiths and Count Plunkett as Ireland's delegates to the peace conference.

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Printed by the Post-Dispatch at St. Louis, Mo. Ben Oliver—Editor. Kinloch—Printer.

Received Croix de Guerre, Capt. John E. Mitchell Jr., 1305 Simpson avenue.

Received Croix de Guerre, Capt. Emil Roif, 137th Infantry, Capt. Roy W. Perkins, 137th Infantry.

First Lieutenant, William Lehigh, H. Company, 138th, 50th Avenue.

First Lieutenant, William B. H. Company, 138th, 325 W. W. Avenue, Kirkwood.

Second Lieutenant, William Lehigh, H. Company, 138th.

Second Lieutenant, Albert B. 125th Machine Gun Battalion.

Second Lieutenant, Thomas I. 139th Infantry.

Sergeant, Charles E. Newman, Company, 138th.

Sergeant, Peter G. Errett, H. Company, 138th, 3339A Market street.

Sergeant, George O. Von Land, Company, 138th, 2905 Madison street.

Sergeant, Albert A. Michenfelder, Company, 138th, 2343 South 7th street.

Sergeant, Frederic L. Edwards, Company, 138th, 4533 Lucky street.

Sergeant, Sidney S. Bartels, H. Company, 138th.

Sergeant, Walter E. Ficke, H. Company, 138th, 4444A Farlin avenue.

Corp. Joseph Reynolds, H. Company, 138th, 4126 Red Bud avenue.

Private (First-class), Fred H. Company, 138th.

Private, Francis M. Pierce, H. Company, 138th, 5068 Alcott avenue.

Private, Elmer Grupe, H. Company, 138th, 3518 Humphrey street.

Private, Herman W. Harris, Company, 138th.

Transfers of Men.

The order, dated Dec. 21, at St. Louis, Mo., to whom the C. was awarded, is no longer member of the division, and these officers and men, recipients of Croix de Guerre, were assigned with the division.

Gold and Perkins, Lieutenants, Lehigh and Hopkins, Sergeants, and Michenfelder, Edwards, Lehigh, Ficke, and Private Harris, who were home.

Ammer, Mo., was promoted for bravery for his bravery in driving machine gun fire for two hours he had been wounded.

The place in trucks. This promotion was made by the division.

Those then members of the division were Sampony, and it was noted that the companies of divisional battalion from the 138th Infantry be transported to place in trucks. This promotion was made by the division.

The order stated that it was finally known whether the promotion in Chief (meaning in the Gen. Pershing) would be at the ceremony.

A special cable dispatch from St. Louis, staff correspondent, the Post-Dispatch, furnished at account printed in St. Louis July 1918 in the Vosges which the members of H. Company were decorated.

THAT APARTMENT CAN BE RENTED TO A DESIRABLE PARTY. You advertise it in the POST-DISPATCH "WANTS."

One has no memory of a more complete conquest.

—POST, CINCINNATI.

The Baldwin Piano Company

Eleven-Eleven Olive

821 Washington Avenue (Opp. Statler Hotel)

521 Washington Avenue (Opp. Statler Hotel)

FRENCH DECORATE 15 OF H COMPANY FOR VOSGES RA

Five Other Officers of 35 Division Also Win Croix de Guerre With Star Citation.

DIVISIONAL ORDER ANNOUNCES AWARD

Lieut. Leahy Commanded and Capt. Mitchell Accompanied St. Louisans First Engagement.

Fifteen officers and men of company, 138th (St. Louis) Infantry, and five officers of other companies of the Thirty-fifth Division received the Croix de Guerre, with star citation, from the Commander in Chief of the French armies of the North and the Vosges.

Chief of the division received the American Distinguished Service Cross, and from them receiving also the Croix de Guerre, Dec. 23 last, according to divisional general order, which was forwarded by Capt. John Mitchell Jr. of the 138th to his brother, the president of the A. A. P. C. C. Co.

The awards to the members of company were for bravery displayed in the raid of the night of July 6, 1918, in the Vosges Mountains. They were led in this raid by Lieut. William H. Lehigh, now back in St. Louis on hospital leave, and Capt. John E. Mitchell Jr. of company, accompanied H. Company. This was the first offensive operation in which St. Louis National Guard troops figured.

The roster of those receiving decorations, with the St. Louis names of such as are shown in the directory, is:

Received D. S. C. and Croix de Guerre.

Corp. Clayton E. Moore, H. Company, 138th, 5810 C. Avenue.

Private (First-class), Bert Stone, B. Company, 138th.

Received D. S. C.

First Sergeant, John H. Finn, Company, 138th.

Received Croix de Guerre, Capt. John E. Mitchell Jr., 1305 Simpson avenue.

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It should also be said that every executive, premier and minister is anxious to see conditions of internal peace everywhere established at the earliest possible moment, to enable peace to be resumed.

Leahy, 1918, N. Y. Evening Post, Jan. 17.

WIN FEIN PARLIAMENT CALLED

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## Wilhelm in Sad Plight; Saws Wood for Exercise

Overheats Himself, Gets Chills and Is Becoming Increasingly Irritable—Servants Deserting Him and Dutch Watch Him Closely.

By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Wednesday, Jan. 15.—The immediate cause of Wilhelm Hohenzollern's repeated chills is, according to authoritative information, overheating while performing his favorite exercise of sawing and chopping wood.

The former Emperor was accustomed to this work before the war, and when he was informed that he was to resume his pastime within the castle precincts.

Among the great piles of baggage brought across the frontier for his use was a case of tools weighing 400 pounds. This was unpacked, and the ex-Emperor began work with his usual energy, occasionally increasing his labor in an effort to forget the worry connected with his abdication and the complete change in his position.

Suffering From Climate.

He was already suffering because of the damp climate which affected his ear and throat, and was generally run down. The work caused him to perspire freely, and while passing through a corridor of the castle a strong draft struck him, causing the first serious chill, which kept him to his bedroom for several days. Prof. Lasse of Berlin, attended him throughout.

When he had partially recovered he again started in on the heavy manual work and suffered a relapse which meant a further period of confinement.

Late last week he showed improvement and as the weather was fine, he began this time work within the castle grounds, which included the

digging of an irrigation channel in the flower garden. The result renewed the chill and a future sojourn in his apartment, where he was ordered to remain for the present.

William Hohenzollern's freedom of movement is not only restricted by the state of his health, but also by the Dutch authorities, who, besides watching over his personal security, stepped in to prevent him from moving to Count Peckler's castle at Belmonte, near Wageningen, which they declared was unsuitable.

Becoming More Irritable.

The ex-Emperor is becoming increasingly irritable under unaccustomed restrictions, and his feeling is augmented by the gradual departure of many of his old servants, who find life in Holland under the circumstances unbearable. Dutch domestics, who are filling their places, do not attain the same perfection of obedience as the imperial servants, who for years were accustomed to foresee the requirements of their sovereign.

It is probable that before many weeks the entire German personnel will have disappeared and the former monarch, who never could do any simple thing for himself in the way of dressing, will be cast on his own resources.

His recent ailments have had a marked effect on his physical and mental condition, which is small wonder when one has had to surrender to an array of salves for the ear and nose, gargles for the throat, pills and other medicines. At the heavy hours of the day he is compelled to take something or other of the kind, and his wife, who acts as his nurse, is always in attendance to see that he executes his physician's order. She is now in fairly good health, and goes out occasionally to tea.

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## CERTIFICATES FOR LOCAL RED CROSS WORKERS

Awards for Consecutive Service  
to Be Made Soon, Says  
Chapter Head.

Certificates in recognition of loyal service to the nation given to men and women workers of the American Red Cross will be awarded in the near future to workers in the St. Louis chapter, Mrs. Frank V. Hammar, chairman, has announced. These certificates will carry with them the right to purchase and wear the Red Cross official service insignia, and will be awarded to persons who have served the Red Cross continuously for not less than six months. The insignia for women will be a badge with ribbon, bar pin and safety catch; for men, a button to be worn in the coat lapel. The cost of the badges will be \$1 and the buttons 75 cents. These are to be purchased from the chapter office after the certificate has been received.

### Basis of Award.

The national association has issued instructions for making the awards, based upon the following hours of service and conditions:

"If the applicant has worked at least 800 hours within six consecutive months (not less than four days in each week of approximately eight hours each) without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate of service and a badge, with plain ribbon, is to be awarded."

"If the applicant has worked at least 1600 hours within 12 consecutive months (not less than four days in each week of approximately eight hours each) without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate of service and a badge with ribbon, with one stripe, is to be awarded."

### For 18 Months' Service.

"If the applicant has worked at least 2400 hours within 18 consecutive months (not less than 4 days each week of approximately eight hours each) without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate of service and a badge with ribbon, with two stripes, is to be awarded."

cate of service with a badge and ribbon, with two stripes, is to be awarded.

"If applicant has worked 800 hours within eight consecutive months (not less than three days each week of approximately eight hours each), without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate of service and a badge with plain ribbon is to be awarded."

"If applicant has worked 800 hours within 12 consecutive months (not less than two days in each week of approximately eight hours each), without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate of service and a badge with plain ribbon is to be awarded."

**Questionnaires for Applicants.**

"If applicant has worked 800 hours within 18 consecutive months (not less than one day each week of approximately eight hours each) without over two weeks' vacation during that time, a certificate and a badge with plain ribbon is to be awarded."

No alterations in these instructions can be made by the local chapter. No application will be considered where the term of any service is less than six months. The time of service to be computed is from April 6, 1917, to Dec. 25, 1918.

A questionnaire has been compiled to be filled out by the applicant. This must be approved by the superior to whom the worker reports. Workers will be required to go to the executive office of the chapter, 1012 Prisco Building, to fill out questionnaires.

### Mrs. Benoit Succeeds Miss Wade.

Mrs. Theodore Benoit, 4632 Pershing avenue, has been elected chairman of the Women's Liberty Loan Committee for the Eighth Federal Reserve District, to succeed Miss Florence F. Wade, daughter of Festus J. Wade, who resigned because of overwork. Mrs. Benoit has been chairman of the State Committee, to which office Mrs. W. T. Donovan will succeed.

### Red Cross to Aid Siberians.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The American Red Cross has appropriated \$200,000 for use by its commission in Siberia in January and February. Part of this sum will provide relief for employees of the Siberian railways who have not been paid in several months.

## SUPPRESSION OF REVOLT FREES HANDS TO BUILD UP NEW GERMANY, SAYS EBERT

In Article for Post-Dispatch He Tells of Elections Next Sunday for National Assembly in Plan to Constitute a Republic.

By ARNO BOSCH-FLEUROT,  
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch and New York World.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Friedrich Ebert, head of the provisional German Government, has prepared for the Post-Dispatch and given to me for transmission the following article:

**By FRIEDRICH EBERT.**

You may be sure that the last week was filled with hard days for the Government, not only because we saw the existence of Germany threatened, but also because we had the greatest fear lest the armistice might not be renewed and peace might not be concluded.

You should be mindful always that the Government of Germany consists of workmen, and we workmen have great aversion to the use of force in political struggles, owing to the long years of political persecution by the old regime. But, when the Spartacus people resorted to the methods of tyranny, and when our party comrades, to a man, demanded to be armed, we could no longer avoid this painful method of restoring order.

It was the Social Democrats of Berlin who furnished a volunteer militia, and my colleague, Noske, the military Governor, brought them strong reinforcements by summoning regular troops and by the tireless organization of tens of thousands of men who had declared themselves in accord with our political views.

**Hands Free for Work.**

Now our hands are free, and we can take up the great task of reconstruction, on the accomplishment

of which the fate of the young German people depends.

For days and days no coal and no foodstuffs have come into Berlin. For this lack we must provide, and we must get our communications in order. Our elections for the National Assembly will be held next Sunday. Balloting in the elections is fairly assured through the miserable collapse of the Spartacists, but it is not wholly assured.

We must recover the arms and ammunition which fell into improper hands, through the malfeasance in office of the former police president, Eichenhorn, so that we may bring back our political affairs to orderly method.

The greatest task will be to secure an extension of the armistice, at a time when the preliminary peace sessions of the Entente Powers have begun in Paris. In this situation it is imperative that we should be able to extend the armistice.

(A Berlin dispatch now reports that an extension has been agreed upon.)

The right of self-determination of nations, which President Wilson has made the basis for the coming peace, and which we Social Democrats have always regarded as the undeniable right of all nations, presumes also that it is the duty of a Government to maintain itself.

Events in Eastern Germany have shown what a hard fight for existence Germany must face, fighting not alone with our former powerful enemies, but with strong internal elements of opposition.

In our acceptance of President Wilson's 14 points of peace, we have already yielded to many painful conditions in respect to the future of our country. What we have lost through this submission the republic can write down to the debt of Kaiserism.

Beyond these losses, the republic cannot and will not consent to any further diminution of its national entity—Völkergemeinschaft—and, therefore, it must be our endeavor to fend off prejudiced conditions affecting the final peace treaty, such as the Poles are now attempting to create in the East. We must maintain the Wilsonian basis at all costs in the peace conference.

### SCHOOL PRINTING COURSE WITH TWO-YEAR APPRENTICE CREDIT

Union and Ben Franklin Club Approve Program for High School Vocational Training.

Graduates of the eighth grade of the public schools may enroll in a two-year vocational course in printing, which will be commenced Monday, Jan. 27, at the Central High School, 1630 North Grand avenue.

The course, which will require two years, has been approved by the Ben Franklin Club of St. Louis, and by the St. Louis Typographical Union, No. 8. Among the subjects are "Typewriting and Printing Shop Practice and English."

The two years of training in the high school will be accepted by employing printers as equivalent to two years of apprentice work. Those who complete the course will, when employed as printers' apprentices, receive the regular third year salary of apprentices. At present \$12 a week.

The course is open to girls as well as boys. All pupils who wish to take this course have been asked to report at the Central High next Monday morning.

According to the provisions of the Smith-Hughes bill, which provides for the salaries of teachers employed in instructing these classes will be borne by the United States Government.

### MAN ONCE IN JAIL WITH WHITE TO BE QUESTIONED IN KILLING

Everett D. Simpson, 34 years old, was brought to St. Louis from Marion, Ill., today to be questioned in connection with the killing of P. E. White, safecracker, who was beaten and shot to death Jan. 3 at the home of Mrs. Frances Posey at 4446 Lindell boulevard.

Simpson denies knowledge of the killing, but says he knew White and was once jointly accused of a burglary with him at Vienna, Ill. The case against him is still pending. Simpson said he and White escaped from the Vienna jail June 4 last after White had written a file which he had concealed in a fountain pen.

Mrs. Posey and others who were in her house at the time of the killing will be asked to look at Simpson.

**Magazines for War Camps.**

Postmaster Selph has been authorized to send magazines to soldiers at camps and he announces that he will receive copies of current magazines to be sent to camps and hospitals. These magazines can be given to the superintendents of any of the branch stations or taken to the main office, addressed to the Postmaster, room 219.

**RECONSTRUCTION IN THE  
FACILITIES OF MANY INDUSTRIES.**

A reconstruction in the facilities of many industries is going to follow the new note in business of "soundness and quality of product." (Chamber of Commerce Annual Review.) Mr. Real Estate Man: Are you AWAKE to the POSSIBILITIES? Market your ground or buildings through the REAL ESTATE columns of the POST-DISPATCH—Ad.

## MORE CLERKS THAN EVER FOR MISSOURI HOUSE

Caucus Decision of Republicans;  
Negroes on \$2 Jobs Win  
Strike for \$3.50 Places.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 17.—A strike of 11 negroes brought to the Legislature by Representative J. H. Parker, on the promise of good jobs, was successful after it had tied up the Republican members of the House in a two-hour caucus yesterday afternoon, and had resulted in a caucus decision to have the largest and highest-priced force of employees ever known in the House.

The House today adopted the report of the Clerical Committee without a protest from any member.

In the caucus the number of House employees was fixed at 201, and the pay of the negroes increased from \$2 a day to \$3.50.

When Parker's negroes arrived, Chairman Becker of the Clerical Committee assigned them to duty at \$2 a day doing janitor work. The negroes appealed to Parker. The caucus advanced the negroes from doorkeepers to assistant sergeants at arms at \$3.50 a day.

The Republican caucus goes farther than has the Democratic majority in any other session of the House, notwithstanding that useless clerks in the Legislature have been the subject of much Republican

criticism of Democratic Legislatures and the pledge of House leaders that the House would reduce the clerical force this year to the minimum.

It is known that the old Democratic legislative custom of members appointing their wives, sons, daughters and other relatives, is being followed by many Republican members. The anti-nepotism bill for which Senator Elder of St. Louis made a hard fight two years ago will not be reintroduced by him this year, according to statements by other St. Louis legislators.

Chairman Roach of the State Tax Commission, who is familiar with clerical work of both Senate and House, has said that all the work of the House could be accomplished by 86 efficient employees.

### VANDEVENTER PLACE RESIDENTS WANT SPRING AVENUE REPAVED

Dr. H. Wheeler Bond, J. H. Douglas, T. M. Price and Grace N. Clark, all residents of Vandeventer place, have written to the Complaint Board asking that Spring avenue, between Enright avenue and Bell avenue, be repaved. This two-block stretch of street is now paved with gravel. It is all within the confines of Vandeventer place, but it is open to public traffic.

William J. Blesse of 2807 Windsor place complains that Windsor Walk, a narrow footway running from Pine street to Bell avenue, west of Spring avenue, is dangerous because of insufficient lighting at night, making it an ideal place for highwaymen to lurk. City Lighting Inspector Robinson said the "way" was provided with a paraffin lamp, but this frequently had been tampered with.

## TWO PLACES RAIDED IN SEARCH FOR EVIDENCE OF BOOKMAKING

None Is Found, but Seven Men Are  
Arrested and Charged With  
Idling.

A police court charge of idling was placed against seven men arrested yesterday afternoon by the police gambling squad in a search for bookmakers.

At the book store of Joseph J. Foster, 410 Washington avenue, where the detectives believed bets were being made on horse races, Foster and three others were arrested. The latter said they were William Morgan, 60 years old, of 4520 Page boulevard; William McGinnis, 60, of 5012 Maple avenue, and Alvis Libby, 27, of 4422 Washington boulevard. All gave their occupation as clerk.

In a raid on the cigar store of John Lang, 203 North Eighth street, Lang and two others who said they had acted as agent for Judd, according to the Circuit Attorney, were arrested. No evidence of handbooking was found at either place.

## INJUNCTION AGAINST STRIKERS

Order Against Picketing at St. Louis Metalware Co. Made Permanent.

Strikers at the plant of the St. Louis Metalware Co. are prohibited from entering the plant for the purpose of persuading employees to join their union by a permanent injunction granted today by Judge Dyer in the Federal District Court.

Judge Dyer granted a temporary injunction last June 20 against strikers continuing their method of picketing or interfering with men at work.

## ARKANSAS BUSINESS MAN SOLD STOLEN AUTOS ARRESTED

Jud Davis, a business man of Walnut Ridge, Ark., was arrested last night at his home at the residence of Circuit Attorney McDaniels, charged that Davis failed to keep promise to appear in St. Louis today at the trial of Leo Judd, a lagoon keeper, of 4562 North 13th way, who was arrested Dec. 10 in connection with the theft of automobiles.

The automobiles, all belonging to St. Louisans, were recovered Southern Missouri and Northern Kansas, where they had been posed of to farmers by Davis, latter informed the police that he had acted as agent for Judd.

Davis insisted he was an innocent party in the transactions and he told to appear as a witness against Judd. He promised to be on when the case was called for trial, but failed to appear at the appointed time.

## INSTANT POSTUM

is a wholesome  
and delicious  
drink for those  
with whom coffee disagrees

## Garland's BLOUSES—SPECIAL For Saturday Clearance

About 400 Blouses, Values to \$8.50

SATURDAY

\$3.79

Dainty Georgettes

And while the quantity is not large, the assortment of styles is. There are so many styles we'll not attempt to tell of them. Trimmings consist of beading and embroidery, lace, buttons, tucks, etc. Colors include flesh, white and suit shades. Sizes run from 34 to 44 bust measurement.

## CHILDREN'S DRESSES Reduced for an Absolute Clearance

Up to \$3.95 Dresses

\$1.39

(6 to 14 Years.)

Several hundred of these, and we'd like to clear them all out tomorrow. They are made of checked, plaid and striped gingham and trimmed in various ways, some with solid color chambray, others with buttons and self-tailored strappings. Mothers should buy these in at least half-dozen lots.



\$1.39

\$1.39

### "Coming Events"

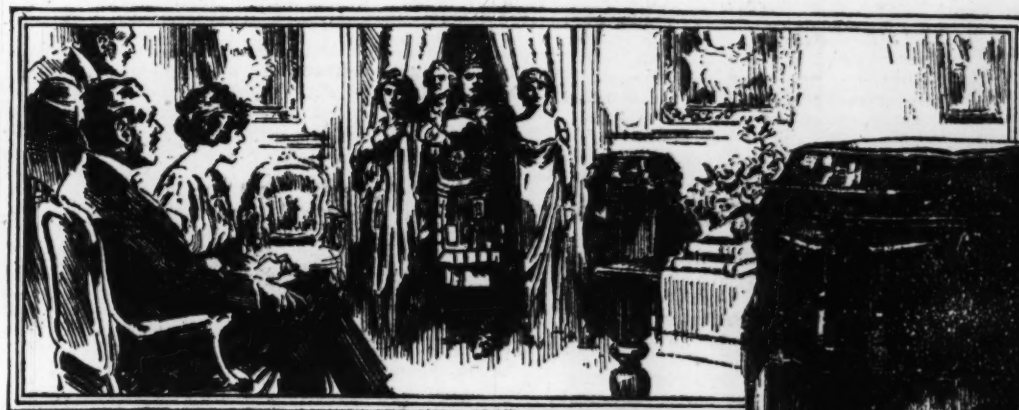
We don't often speak of "Coming Events"—until we're ready to tell the public what they are—but when we do, it always means something. Watch for message. It will be worth your while. See Saturday morning paper.

THOMAS W. GARLAND—400-11-13 Broadway

Start today to buy  
War Savings Stamps



An excellent investment  
and a patriotic duty



It would cost a fortune  
to bring the greatest  
artists into your home

You would have to pay thousands\* of dollars to get these great artists to come to your home and entertain you: Caruso, Alda, Braslau, Calvé, Culp, de Gogorza, DeLuca, Elman, Farrar, Galli-Curci, Garrison, Gluck, Jascha Heifetz, Homer, Journet, Martinelli, McCormack, Melba, Murphy, Paderewski, Powell, Ruffo, Schumann-Heink, Scotti, Sembrich, Tetrazzini, Werrenrath, Whitehill, Witherspoon, and Zimbalist.

**But with a Victrola** in your home you can hear them all—as often as you like. The beauty and thrilling power of these famed artists just as though they were actually in your presence—so lifelike are their Victor Records.

There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety from \$12 to \$950.

Any Victor dealer will gladly play for you any music you wish to hear and demonstrate the Victrola. Saenger Voice Culture Records are invaluable to vocal students—ask to hear them.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

**Important Notice.** Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized in the processes of manufacture, and their use, one with the other, is absolutely essential to a perfect reproduction.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

# Victrola

\*"Victrola" is the Registered Trademark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only.

Old-Fashioned  
assorted flavors

Many  
Our



"Skolny" M

These Clothes are  
is of distinctive quality  
kinds in that the  
you usually find in  
Also included in this  
kind, and parents will

Hats

IN view of the  
reduced price  
our Hats are high  
includes every  
lines, at the follo

\$2.55

Men's Winter  
good earbands and

A Sale



Saturday Sp  
Cigar

ALL the we  
brands can a  
found at the rig  
at our Cigar Shop  
La Garita Cig  
one tissue wrapped  
25, \$1.95, 5 for 90c  
Emanolo Bouq  
Havana Cigars,  
shape. Box of 25, 4

Tadema Magnolia  
Clear Havana. Be  
\$2.15  
Nebo Cigarette  
package. 100 for \$1  
25c a pack  
Rex Smoking  
ounce tin.  
Serene Smoking  
16-ounce tin.  
Imported French  
Pipes  
(Men's Store)



STORE OPEN SATURDAY TILL 6 P. M.

Old-Fashioned Wrapped Bitter Sweets,  
assorted flavors, at a pound, 45c  
(Main Floor.)

# STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER

Bunte Bros. Fruit Tablets, Butterscotch  
or Lemon Drops, one-pound cans at 45c  
(Main Floor.)

## Many Real Bargain Opportunities Presented for Saturday

Our Entire Stock of

### Clothing

For Men, Boys and Children

At **15%** Discount

EVERY garment in this sale is of such dependable make that it will be just as stylish next year, and the year after, as it is today. This is one of those events where nothing is reserved—everything must go at the special discount prices, including

### Kuppenheimer Clothes for Men

The kind of clothing that men in all walks of life are familiar with—clothing that shows refinement in the tailoring as well as in the style, and of a quality that insures you satisfaction in every particular. Both Overcoats and Suits are included in this sale—all at 15% discount.

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

### "Skolny" Made Clothes for Boys at 15% Discount

These Clothes are made to give service at the vital points, and every garment is of distinctive quality, style and individuality. They are superior to the ordinary kinds in that the tailoring, fit and finish is just a little different and better than you usually find in boys' clothing.

Also included in this sale are all Boys' Mackinaws, Wash Suits and odd garments of every kind, and parents who have boys to clothe, will find it to their advantage to buy now.

(Second Floor Annex.)

### Hats Are Reduced

IN view of the high cost of manufacture, the prevailing reduced prices mean a wonderful saving to you. All our Hats are high-grade and dependable, and this sale includes every Fall and Winter Hat except restricted lines, at the following prices:

**\$2.55** **\$3.40** **\$4.25** **\$5.10**

Men's Winter Caps—In correct colors and designs, with good earbands and flexible visors, priced at 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.50  
(Men's Store—Main Floor.)



## A Sale of Men's "Emery" Shirts

THESE two offerings are of more than ordinary importance, in that every man knows "Emery" Shirts for their quality and style. At the prices they are wonderful values.

"Emery" Shirts  
at **\$2.45**

Made of fiber silk and mercerized cloths, satin stripes, with French cuffs. Sizes 13½ to 17½. Also a few other makes included.

"Emery" Shirts  
at **\$3.45**

Fiber Silk Shirts in a large assortment of beautiful colors and in a collection of patterns to please the most particular man. Sizes from 14 to 17. All sizes—at

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

### Underwear Prices Are Lower

Men's Shirts and Drawers—In heavy gray natural wool mixed. Shirts in sizes 36 to 44—drawers in sizes 34 to 42. A garment, \$1.25

Men's Wool Union Suits—Heavy gray Carter's wool-mixed, spring needle ribbed Union Suits, with perfect closed crotch, and come in all sizes. Priced at

Men's Cotton Union Suits—Heavy, white fleece lined, ribbed Union Suits, in closed crotch style—all sizes—at

Men's Wool Union Suits—Heavy gray Carter's wool-mixed, spring needle ribbed Union Suits, with perfect closed crotch, and come in all sizes. Priced at

(Main Floor.)

## Clearing Men's Shoes

**\$6.85** Pair

AT this price we are offering Men's fine Gunmetal Calfskin Shoes, in the popular flat English last, lace style.

### Men's Shoes at \$2.65 Pair

Odds and ends, including tan or black gunmetal, lace and button styles, English and high-toes. Size range is somewhat broken.

Men's Shoes—In black and tan leathers, Blucher and lace style, high toe or flat last, at a pair, \$4.65

Men's Shoes—In genuine mahogany Cordovan calf, in flat English last style, at a pair, \$7.85

(Men's Store—Main Floor.)



### Gloves, 20% Discount

For Men, Women & Children  
WHAT an opportunity! Ordinarily Gloves such as these are priced much more. You will understand what an important selling event this is when we say that

Our entire stock of Gloves—except those restricted in price by their makers—is included in this offering.

Women's hands and men's hands and children's hands may be correctly gloved—and at a decided saving. There are Gloves of kid, mocha, cape, fur, silk, chamois and all the other glove fabrics that are being worn.

(Main Floor.)



### Women's Fine Glove Silk Underwear

at **25%** Discount

WOMEN who love to wear these finely made underthings of glove silk will consider this sale of utmost importance to them. Undersuits of firm, heavy weight—beautifully trimmed combination suits—either plain or embroidered under-vests or lace trimmed bloomers are in this special group. They are in white or flesh tint.

### Another Special

Women's Fleece Union Suits—Odds and ends in different makes—regular and extra sizes. Special, \$1.49 the suit  
(Main Floor.)

### W. B. Corsets

Special **\$2.25**  
Saturday at

THESE are new models for women with medium and average figures. The Corsets are of fancy pink materials, made with low tops and long skirts.

W. B. Corsets are well-known for their excellent lines and wearing qualities.

Sizes in this model—19 to 30. Special, \$2.25

### B. & J. Brassieres, 79c

B. & J. Brassieres in two styles—both front fastening and both trimmed with embroidery. All sizes. Special, 79c  
(Second Floor.)

### Silk Lingerie

At Tempting Prices



Pretty pink silk underthings with lace and ribbons forming all sorts of different trimmings—are marked at such special prices that you will have to hold tight to your purse strings if you don't want to spend every cent you have on these dainty pieces.

Camisoles—Of Jap. satin, trimmed with hemstitching or embroidered dots. A limited quantity. Special, 75c  
Envelope Chemises—Of crepe de chine, with Filet lace and ribbon trimming at the top. Special, \$2.98  
Bloomers—Of pink wash satin, trimmed with ruffles at the knees. Special, \$2.75

### A Special in Cotton Lingerie

Envelope Chemises of pink or white nainsook, trimmed with lace and embroidery. Special, \$1.25  
(Second Floor.)

Always a Variety in

### Women's Silk Hosiery

PLAIN Silk Hosiery admits two rivals—lace hosiery and clocked hosiery.

Fine Thread Silk Hose in black, white or colors—has the necessary reinforcing to insure the best wear. Special, \$1.25 a pair

Clocked Silk Stockings in black, white or colors, with plain or fancy clockings. The pair, \$2.00

Silk Lace Hose in a fine quality; comes in several different colors. Price, \$2.25 the pair

Fine Cashmere Stockings in black or white—as they run irregular—the special price is 95c

Thread Boot Silk Hose in black or colors, made with splicings of lisle thread. Special, 50c  
(First Floor.)



### The Misses' Store Is Aglow With New Spring Apparel

Spring Frocks and Suits are coming in so fast that the Misses' Store is becoming quite vivid with Spring colorings—many of the fashions shown are exclusive here.

#### Silk Frocks Are New for Spring

They are of the three favorite Spring materials—Taffeta, Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe—though each material has been seen many times before—the variety of new styles and of effective trimmings makes each style delightfully new and interesting. Priced \$35 and Up

#### Individuality Is In the Spring Suits

Side by side in this early Spring showing is a Tailored Suit in conservative lines, a Box Coat Suit with a gay vestee and a Smart Checked Suit of wool velour—each one proclaiming itself new for Spring. These are the three predominating styles to be seen. Price \$59.75 and Up

#### The Important Occasion of Graduation

Any girl will tell you that the most important part to graduating is the Frocks you wear. Lovely new Frocks of white Georgette crepe or crepe meteor are being shown to the girls who come to the Misses' Store for their Graduation Frocks. Priced \$24.75 to \$45

#### A Clearance of Winter Coats

Many high-priced Coats are included in these special lots at \$29.75 and \$35. Fabrics and styles are those favored this season.  
(Third Floor.)



### Women's Dresses

A Pre-Inventory Sale

Great reductions on Afternoon, Evening and Street Dresses. Unusual values at these prices:

\$25, \$45, \$55 and \$75  
(Third Floor.)

### Specials in Toilet Goods

Bourgeois Java-Rice Powder, all shades, 39c  
(Limit of two to a customer)  
Sanitol Tooth Paste or Powder, 18c  
(Limit of two to a customer)  
Armour's Venetian Bath Tablets, 8c cake  
(Limit of four to a customer)  
Lambert's Listerine—14-ounce bottle, 66c  
(Limit of two to a customer)  
Arlene Castile Soap—large bar, white only, 75c bar  
Hospital Cotton Roll—one pound, 39c  
(No mail or phone orders filled.)  
(Square 9—Main Floor.)

### The Girls' Store Is Ready With New Regulation Frocks \$4.95 and \$5.95

AT many schools these Frocks are worn for graduation. This showing of new ones will interest the ward school girl and her mother particularly. The Frocks are of good quality galatee, made in regulation long-waisted sailor styles. Sizes 10 to 16 years.

### Girls' Winter Coats \$16.50, \$24.75, \$35.00

Practically our entire stock of Winter Coats has been grouped at these three special prices. This is a splendid opportunity to buy that needed warm coat for wear the rest of the Winter and to start next Winter with. Materials are velour, kersey, mixtures and Silvertone cloth. Sizes 6 to 16.  
(Third Floor.)



Now in Progress—January Clearance Sale

## SHOES

ANY person who is desirous of securing high-grade Footwear at a nominal cost, cannot well afford to overlook the opportunity this sale presents. Thousands of pairs of all kinds of Footwear for men, women and children are here assembled, and the reductions are of such an unusual nature we are positive they will effect an immediate clearance.

### Women's High-Grade Shoes \$5.75, \$7.75 and \$9.75

Taken from our regular lines, and come in Havana brown, light and dark gray, field mouse kid or combinations. As a whole, a good range of sizes is represented.

### Women's Fine Shoes \$4.65 a Pair

In this assortment almost every woman can find footwear to her liking. There are Havana brown, also gray kid, in plain or combination—high and low heels. All are splendid styles. Sizes are broken, but every size in one style or another. Many hundred pairs are displayed on tables for easy selection, and all at one price, \$4.65 pair

### Children's Shoes, \$1.98

Also some in sizes for misses' and growing girls, and a few for small boys. Broken lines. Regular and high cut styles.  
(Main Floor.)



### Shoes in the Downstairs Store

#### Women's Shoes at \$3.45 a Pair

Black kid, with black or gray cloth tops—brown and gray kid Shoes—also patent leather with cloth tops—high and low heels. Imitation wing or plain tips. All in neat dress styles.

Infants' Shoes—Made with hand-turned soles, in sizes up to 8, at pair, 98c

#### Women's Shoes at \$1.89 a Pair

At this price we offer a lot of odds and ends, samples and accumulations, but all are in good styles. The size-range is somewhat broken—mostly up to 5 in the lot.

Felt Slippers—For men, women and children, fancy trimmed or plain, a pair, 79c  
(Downstairs Store)

### Saturday Specials Cigars

ALL the well-known brands can always be found at the right prices at our Cigar Shop.

La Garnita Cigars—Each one tissue wrapped. Box of 25, \$1.95. 5 for 90c. Each, 8c  
Emmanuel Bouquet—Mild Havana Cigars, clubhouse shape. Box of 25, \$2.15.

Tadema Magnolia Cigars—Clear Havana. Box of 25, \$2.15. 5 for 90c. Each, 8c  
Nebo Cigarettes—20 in package. 200 for \$1.20.

Rex Smoking Tobacco—8-ounce tin, 60c  
Seren Smoking Tobacco—16-ounce tin, \$1.25  
Imported French Briar Pipes, 50c to \$4.50  
(Men's Store—Main Floor.)

### INSTANT POSTUM

is a wholesome and delicious drink for those with whom coffee disagrees

An excellent investment and a patriotic duty

these  
aruso,  
arrar,  
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ownell,  
arren-

all—  
these  
your

demon-  
dents—

chronized in  
production.

a

pany only.







## MARKET

Person and Market  
ment Inspected Meat?  
IF YOU WANT TO  
NUFF SAID.

A DOLLAR  
LAMB

Lamb, lb. .... 20c  
of Lamb, lb. .... 15c  
mb, lb. .... 12 1/2c

## VEAL

Veal, lb. .... 23c  
veal, lb. .... 17c  
solders, lb. .... 17c  
ps, lb. .... 23c

## SPECIAL

..... 45c  
..... 40c  
..... 14c  
..... 36c  
..... 37c  
..... 12c  
..... 5c

## WILE THEY LAST

..... 38c  
Premium Smoked Ham .... 36c

## Phones Saturday

Best Is Still Going On

the City. Quality Talks.

Business and Restaurants.

OVER \$2.

Mgr. BOMONT 1354

"Ask Mr. Foster"  
for Travel Infor-  
mation.

Seventh Floor.



## Shoes



der of men. The Be-  
quire for foot comfort.  
ant favor because of  
s reduce Shoe expense.  
ogany, black calf and  
\$12.50

ely priced at \$9.00.  
\$6.50

rd Floor.

## ermuslins

for children up to 12 years  
embroidery—sizes up to 6  
59c  
pretty trimmed with em-  
75c  
with an embroidery ruffle  
\$1.00  
her embroidery or lace—  
\$1.95  
girls—suitable for gradu-  
\$2.95 to \$4.95  
Third Floor.

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value  
Men's  
Linen  
Collar  
15



for  
Fountain Pens  
and Regular Types  
3 OLIVE ST.  
Grand Av.

ONE-HALF MILLION  
west of the Mississippi.

is represented  
aving event.

SALE

re Stock of

Coats

No Juggling  
With Prices Here  
No price tickets have been  
changed. Original price  
tags remain on all goods.  
This discount of 15% will  
be deducted at the time  
you make your selections.

ur \$30.00 Lines  
at 15% Off

SUITS, Overcoats, Ul-  
sters and Ulsterettes—  
the productions of some of the  
best makers in America—  
styles, fabrics and colorings  
that will more than please you

\$25.50

ats \$3.95  
black,  
regular

5% Off

All Our Finer  
Boys' Knee Suits

that heretofore sold up to \$20  
including blue serge and  
corduroys—

15% Off



Manhattan  
Shirt Sale  
Now on

And they are going fast—  
better make your selec-  
tion tomorrow while the  
pattern and size you want  
is still here.

\$2.50 values, \$1.85  
\$3.00 values, \$2.15  
\$3.50 values, \$2.85  
\$4.50 values, \$3.15  
\$5.00 values, \$3.85  
\$10 values, \$7.65

## ARMY DISEASE RATE LOW

for Army of Occupation is Sev-  
en Cases Per 1000.

Associated Press  
PARIS, Jan. 17.—In the Amer-  
ican Army of Occupation there were  
during the week ending Dec. 25, only  
seven cases of venereal disease, accord-  
ing to reports made to the surgeon's  
office. This is a low record, repre-  
senting a yearly rate of seven cases  
out of a population of 1000. For the

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

BRAG TIME PIANO PLAYING  
IN 20 LESSONS.  
or call for Booklet. Open evenings.  
Business School of Popular Music.  
Grand Bldg., Olive 2073. Cent. 3064.  
Miss Rude, Lindell 2350, Delmar 1797.

## BE A TRAFFIC MANAGER!

The American Commerce Association Course will prepare  
you. Practical instruction by prominent traffic men. Class  
starts Friday evening, January 24, at 7:30.  
Write, call or phone Educational Director.  
Lindell 5910. Y. M. C. A. Grand and Franklin

## We Give &amp; Redeem Eagle Stamps

Women's \$2.75  
Kid Gloves  
\$1.49  
Two-clasp real Kid  
Gloves in assorted  
colors; values up to  
\$2.75; sizes 5½ to  
7½.

ST. LOUIS BARGAIN CENTER  
Jenny & Gentles  
BROADWAY & MORGAN ST.

49c Fleece-Lined  
Gloves  
35c  
Women's 2-clasp  
fleece-lined Gloves;  
all sizes; black only.

Big Reductions in Winter  
Coats  
Women's \$30 Fine Winter Coats greatly under-  
priced. The lot consists of  
fur trimmed Coat Coats  
and beautiful Plush  
Coats; fur or fur fabric  
trimmed; all  
sizes.

New \$9.98  
Dresses  
Many styles; suitable  
for misses and small  
women, made of silk  
poplin and serge, in  
blue, black, green and  
plum.

\$4.50 Silk  
Waists  
Georgette and silk  
crepe de chine in all  
new shades and all  
sizes to 44.

\$13.98  
\$7.98  
\$2.98

## Men's &amp; Women's \$4 to \$5 Shoes, \$2.95

A special purchase of 2000  
pairs of Women's \$4 to \$5  
Shoes at about  
one-half price.  
Choice of  
brown, gray  
and vici kid  
leathers; kid or  
cloth tops; high  
or low heels;  
all sizes.

Girls' \$2.50 and  
\$3 Shoes at \$1.89  
Misses' and children's \$2.50  
and \$3 dull kid and patent  
button and lace  
Shoes; English  
and wide toes;  
sizes 8½ to 2; a  
real bargain at

1500 pairs of Men's \$4 styl-  
ish Shoes at less than fac-  
tory cost; gunmetal calf  
leather; lace  
and button;  
medium  
high and Eng-  
lish—  
all sizes at

\$2.95  
\$1.89  
\$2.95

## Boys' \$7.50 Suits

Of fine wool mixtures  
and blue diagonals,  
latest belted styles  
— pants have belt  
straps—ages 9 to 17.

\$5.98

\$15 Mackinaws  
Men's Mackinaws in heavy all  
wool plaids and stripes; belted  
all around.  
high collars;  
sizes 26 to  
44.

\$8.98

\$1.25 Silk  
Gloves  
69c  
Women's Milanese Silk Gloves,  
with double finger tips and con-  
trasting stitching; colors black,  
gray and white. Samples.

## Men's Dress Shirts

Of superior quality;  
values to \$2; specially  
priced for Saturday at

\$1 and 69c

Men's \$2.50 & \$3.50 Union Suits  
Ribbed Union Suits, crew color, full cut,  
extra well  
made.  
\$2.50 and \$3.00  
value at.....

Men's 25c  
Linen  
Collars  
15c

Men's 39c  
Socks,  
Good quality,  
pair.  
25c

Women's  
Silk  
Hose  
89c &  
59c

75c Leather  
Hand Purses  
Envelope styles, with separate  
partitions and  
neat back strap  
handle..... 50c

75c Neckwear, 49c  
Women's Sample Neckwear;  
of organdie, in square roll and shawl  
styles, in plain, embroidered and  
lace trimmed.

\$1.25 Silk Scarfs, 75c  
All-silk Head Scarfs, in nice quality  
China silk, with dainty  
fringed edge.

LANE EXPLAINS WILSON  
PLAN OF WORLD LEAGUE

Tells How International Troubles  
Would Be Settled by Council  
or by "Circle of Iron."

By the Associated Press  
NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Appealing  
for the support of President Wilson's  
idea of a league of nations by the  
business men of the United States,  
declaring that the President's plan  
would in no way invalidate the Mon-  
roe Doctrine, and that Wilson had  
gone to Europe, "not as a conquer-  
er, but for the healing of nations,"  
Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the  
Interior, in an address here yester-  
day before the Merchants' Associa-  
tion of New York, gave an outline of  
what the fundamental elements of  
such a league "must be." Its basis,  
he asserted, will be "international  
co-operation."  
Lane's address was previously ad-  
vertised by the association as being  
in answer to the question: "What is  
President Wilson has gone to  
Paris to bring about? How will it

preserve peace and help humanity?"  
Lane explained how, through the  
formation of a league of nations,  
quarrels between nations could be  
adjudicated by "a neutral arbitral  
court" following investigation of the  
case by "an international council of  
mediation;" how a "delinquent" na-  
tion could be "compelled by a circle  
of iron," completely shutting off  
its economic life and isolating it  
from the rest of the world; how, if  
this failed, the members of the  
league of nations could as a last re-  
sort, turn to war.

"Most Wars Unreasonable."  
The speaker declared that Presi-  
dent Wilson had gone to Europe "as  
a representative of an ideal of the  
statesmen of many centuries," and he  
recounted the struggles for democ-  
racy from ancient to modern times.  
He said the time seemed propitious  
for this association of nations, that  
when the war ended, it was costing  
the United States \$50,000,000 a day,  
and that the burden was "borne by  
your sons and mine." America, and  
all the world, he said, was now past  
the age of the pioneer and now the  
time had come "to master contin-  
ents intensively for the good of  
men."

"I do not say that all wars are  
unreasonable," said the Secretary,  
"or that all wars have no justifica-  
tion. My feeling is that we cannot  
deprive any machinery between men  
by which conflict will be stopped;  
but it is unreasonable, certainly in  
99 per cent of the cases where na-  
tions go to war, that they should  
make war upon each other, for the  
reason that it gets nowhere. It will  
not stand the pragmatic test; it does  
not work, it does not solve the diffi-  
culty in the end."

40 Plans for League.  
"Forty different plans," he con-  
tinued, "have been presented to the  
American delegation in congress for  
a league of nations. I suppose these  
40 will be multiplied by 10 before  
this conference is concluded. This  
thing must be in the very nature of  
the things a growth, but I want to  
present to you the possibility of the  
things so that you may not believe  
it is a thing utterly in the air."  
Now, international law is filmy,  
gauzy, founded upon precedent, and  
without certainty, a decision or de-  
finiteness. Suppose that that council  
had the power to take into its own  
hands an effort, first, to inquire as  
to what the trouble between na-  
tions may be; second, to make an ef-  
fort at conciliation; third, to bring  
about arbitration; fourth, to insist  
to call upon the nations to emanci-  
pate the delinquent, and make its social  
and economic life impossible; and  
fifth, as a last resort, to bring about  
war.

The Council and World Court.  
"Now, the first thing that that  
council would do would be to de-  
clare upon paper just what the rules  
are that govern as between those  
nations which entered into this com-  
pact. First, the nations would agree  
upon, not the machinery, but the  
principles; what the law is.  
"Then there should be established  
a court that could decide whether  
there had been a violation of the  
compact that had been entered into  
by all the nations. That would not  
bind us if we went into it, to accept  
anything except that which was  
brought back, and which we ap-  
proved of."

"First, then, a council which would  
declare what the rules of the game  
were, and we do not know what the  
rules are now. Second, then, the  
court that could enforce these rules;  
that is not unreasonable; that is not  
visionary; that is not a dream.  
"And how are they to be enforced?  
They are to be enforced, first, by the  
pressure of the nations of the world  
—and don't belittle that. In these  
days of newspapers and telegraphs,  
of merchants' associations of all the  
thousands of organizations—and  
there are \$64,000 different organiza-  
tions in the United States today—in  
these days of organizations, when  
opinion can be quickly crystallized,  
opinion is not to be flouted as a mat-  
ter of coercion."

## The Circle of Iron.

"Then as a body the inquiry could  
be made and the facts ascertained  
upon which that opinion could act;  
then if arbitration was brought  
about the parties to that arbitration  
would be bound to submit, in the  
first instance, all of their questions  
to arbitration which did not involve  
national independence, did not in-  
volve their integrity. They would be  
bound to submit those questions to  
the public of the world, and before  
that public they would be judged.  
"And we have an effort that can  
be made this side of war. Take any  
country that you please in your mind  
and let me picture what might hap-  
pen to it. We could put a circle  
around that country, cut off every  
postal combination so that no letter  
could go in or out, cut off every bill  
of exchange, cut off every ship, cut  
the railroad lines at the border, cut  
off all diplomatic communication;  
isolate that nation, and there is not  
a nation that ever had made war,  
that I know of, that could stand  
such a circle of iron brought around  
it by the combined efforts of the na-  
tions of the world; and if that na-  
tion, in violation of its pact, does  
attack one of the nations within this  
league or this council, this associa-  
tion, then we must adopt the motto  
of the 'Three Musketeers,' 'one for all  
and all for one.'  
"But there is not one case in a  
million in which that resort would be  
forced upon us. We have had 200  
arbitration cases since the year 1815  
and not one of them has brought  
about war. This thing is not a  
dream, gentlemen; it is a thing that  
is possible, but it is a thing that  
is possible if we do not shut our eyes  
to it, saying the thing cannot be  
done. Why, that is not our spirit.  
The great body of men in our army  
who get little credit, the engineers,  
have adopted as their motto these  
words: 'It can't be done. Here it  
is.'  
"And you gentlemen, if you doubt  
that that motto is adopted by the  
representatives of the United States,  
may find the thing you say can't be  
done laid upon your table. I hope  
that that may be the result. We

must feel our way through this  
thing. We can't develop it at once.  
Nothing that has been successful  
that I know of has been matured in

ACT LIKE ELECTRIC  
BUTTONS ON TOES

Tells why a corn is so painful and  
says cutting makes them grow.

Press an electric button and you  
form a contact with a live wire which  
rings the bell. When your shoes press  
against your corn it pushes its sharp  
roots down upon a sensitive nerve and  
you get a shock of pain.  
Instead of trimming your corns,  
which merely makes them grow, just  
step into any drug store and ask for  
a quarter of an ounce of freezone.  
This will cost very little, but is suf-  
ficient to remove every hard or soft  
corn or callus from one's feet. A few  
drops applied directly upon a tender,  
aching corn stops the soreness in-  
stantly, and soon the corn shrivels  
up so it lifts right out, root and all,  
without pain. This drug is harmless  
and never inflames or even irritates  
the surrounding tissue or skin.—ADV.

## OUT THEY GO!

In the Most Powerful Readjustment Sale  
Ever Inaugurated!! Men! Think  
of it! Over \$200,000 worth of fine quality  
clothing must be rushed out at once. It looks like a big task,  
don't it? But it IS NOT when you take into consideration the fact that  
we are offering you the greatest bargains you have ever witnessed!  
Bargains that would be out of the question were it not for the fact that  
we are anticipating the readjustment from war to peace times that is  
bound to come! This is your opportunity to profit in a big way! Take  
advantage of it Saturday and save fully 30% of your money!  
At these exceptionally low prices you can rest assured that you are making a wise investment  
in securing a suit or overcoat tomorrow, even though you lay it aside for future use!

MEN'S SUITS OUT THEY GO WITH!!  
A RUSH SATURDAY!!

\$15 Values—\$9.50  
Out They Go at  
Carefully tailored  
Suits of good serv-  
iceable cassimere and  
homespun fabrics—new  
patterns—fleece up to 42  
chest. Out They Go at .....

\$20 Values—\$13.50  
Out They Go at  
Stunning durable  
well made Suits of  
splendid cassimere,  
homespun and Scotch  
materials—practi-  
cally all sizes.

\$25 Values—\$16.50  
Out They Go at  
Worsteded  
as well as the  
wanted casimere fab-  
rics, in many pretty  
patterns—extra well  
made throughout.

\$30 Values—\$20.50  
Out They Go at  
A big lot of clean  
Suits that are un-  
usually well made—  
new patterns in every  
size but enough mat-  
terial to please all.

ALL OVERCOATS AT A FRACTION OF  
THEIR REAL VALUE!

LOT 1—  
\$9.00  
For Men's & Young  
Men's Novelty  
OVERCOATS  
Worth Up to \$15

LOT 2—  
\$13.50  
For Men's & Young  
Men's Nifty Wool  
OVERCOATS  
Worth Up to \$22

LOT 3—  
\$17.50  
For Men's & Young  
Men's Classy Wool  
OVERCOATS  
Worth Up to \$30

LOT 4—  
\$22.50  
For Men's & Young  
Men's Fine Quality  
OVERCOATS  
Worth Up to \$35

## ALL BOYS' CLOTHES AT BIG SAVINGS!

Boys' Pure Wool Blue  
Serge Graduation Suits  
Genuine fine quality serge  
Suits in the distinctive  
military model! Boys  
who wear these Suits  
are admired of these Suits,  
for they are extra well  
tailored and finished; ready  
worth 112 (size 8 to 18);  
Out They Go at.....

\$8.33

Boys' Cassimere Suits  
Suits that every boy from  
6 to 18 will certainly like—  
made in the new military  
style, of splendid fabrics—  
\$10 values—Out They Go at.....

\$6.88

Boys' Heavy Corduroy  
Knickerbockers in the pretty drab  
and golden shade—extra well  
made—size 8 to 18—Out  
They Go at.....

\$1.36

Juvenile Overcoats  
In the snappy style, easily  
worth \$7 and \$8, but to  
close out this big group of  
heavy garments (size 2½  
to 7), Out They Go at.....

\$4.68

BOYS' OVERCOATS  
In the distinctive patterns and  
novelty fabrics—size 10 to 18—  
extra well made and worth \$18—  
now.....

\$11.68

Open Saturday  
NIGHT  
9 O'Clock

WET  
CLOTHING COMPANY  
Northwest Cor. Eighth and Washington Av.

\$10 Juvenile  
Mackinaw Sets  
Complete outfit, consisting of  
heavy Mackinaw Coat with  
Hat and Leggings to match—  
size 10 to 18—  
OUT THEY GO AT

\$5.68

## NERVES ALL ON TENSION?

A mother in the home, or a man or woman at busi-  
ness, with nerves undone and the system generally  
feeling the strain, should find wonderful help in

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

Powerful sedatives or strong medicines are habit-  
forming and dangerous. The logical help is a form  
of nourishment abundant in tonic properties.  
Scott's brings strength to the body, through nourish-  
ment that is felt in every part. If inclined to be  
nervous, the logical answer is—Scott's Emulsion.

Drink Habit  
Surrenders to TESCUM

WEEKS  
BREAK-UP-A-COLD  
TABLETS  
Now for BIG BUSINESS all alone  
the line! Get efficient "TIP-  
through POST-DISPATCH "WANT"  
ADS.



**2<sup>ND</sup> FLOOR**  
**ENTRANCE**



## Glycerin Explodes; Two Killed.

By the Associated Press.  
BARTLESVILLE, Ok., Jan. 17.—Two persons were killed and the plant of the American Glycerin Co., four miles south of Bartlesville, was destroyed late yesterday, when 30

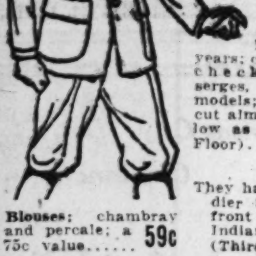
quarts of nitroglycerin exploded. The dead, employees of the plant, are Herbert Singleton and Roy Anderson. Their bodies could not be found. A huge clean hole marks the spot where the plant stood.

## Lowest Prices Our Chief Attraction

**Spencer**  
6th and Washington

BIG REDUCTIONS  
IN BOYS' CLOTHING  
IN SCHOOL SUITS

Extreme reductions have been made on every boy's suit or overcoat; high-grade merchandise of superior quality. Suits that formerly sold for \$8.98, reduced to \$6.98; \$7.98 value, now \$5.98; some are quoted as low as \$4.98 and \$3.98. A special lot of 20 suits, sizes 15 and 16 (slightly imperfect) at (Third Floor).....



Blouses: chambray and percale, 75c value..... 59c

## OVERCOATS

AND JACKKNIVES; dark mixtures and fancy plaids; regular Trench models; buckled belt; special for Saturday at..... \$3.98

## PLAY SUITS

They have been reduced to almost your own price. Soldier suits as low as \$1.49; Cowboy outfits, leather front trousers, real khaki, a \$3.98 value go at \$1.98; Indian Chief Outfits as low as (Third Floor)..... \$1.00

## Georgette Waists

Heavy quality Georgette Crepe Waists; embroidered and lace trimmed; large collars; in this lot you will also find several different styles of crepe de chine; colors white, flesh, maize and black; all sizes; wonderful values; only..... \$2.48

## Georgette Waists

Beautiful new models embroidered and beaded, large and small collars, round neck and square; all sizes; wonderful values; Saturday only..... \$3.98

## Voile Waists

Elaborately trimmed with lace embroidery and tucks; large collars; also high neck; two in one collars; all sizes; only..... 98c

## Men's SHIRTS 97c

These are wonderful values, in madras, pique, reps and percale; big assortment of patterns; full French cuffs.....

## Boys' Gloves

Boy Scout Gauntlets; lined; 75c value; Saturday special..... 49c

## Silk Shirts

\$5 values; extra fiber silk; beautiful patterns; all sizes; Saturday special..... \$2.98

## KID GLOVES

Women's extra quality kid; in light shades; 1.39 value; (Main Floor)..... \$1.39

## Men's Sweaters

\$2.00 sweaters; heavy knit; vest style; extra collar; all sizes (Main Floor)..... \$1.39

## SILK HOSE

Women's; thread silk; in new shades of brown and gray; also black and white; 98c value..... 98c

## BOYS' CAPS

This lot is in many colors and patterns; of heavy suiting cloth..... 59c

## MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES, \$1.98

This is an after-inventory sale, taken from many different lines; gumshoe in Blucher and button; medium toe.....

## Women's \$5 Shoes

Patent and gumshoe; multi-colored; Louis heels; medium and 4 1/2 inch soles..... \$2.98

## Child's Shoes

This lot is very special; broken sizes from various lines; hand-sewed soles; heavy and single..... 98c

## Bargain Basement

\$1.50 Shirts; Dress Shirts of percale and madras; French or lacinated cuffs (Basement), each..... 79c

Women's \$2.49 House Dresses; All sizes; Saturday special, in basement..... \$1.49

Cotton Batts; 2 1/2 lb. Comfort Batts, comfort size, 72x90; in Basement..... 43c

Open Saturday Until 9:00 P. M.

Mc Coy Weber

2nd Floor 6th and Locust

ENTRANCE 4 DOORS SOUTH OF LOCUST

Open Saturday Until 9:00 P. M.

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ENTRANCE 4 DOORS SOUTH OF LOCUST

HOUSE FOR REPEAL  
OF TAX COMMISSION

Life of Body Created to Equalize Assessment Valuations Up to the Senate.

By a Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Jan. 17.—If the State Tax Commission, created by the Legislature two years ago, at the instance of the Governor, to equalize the assessment valuations throughout Missouri, is not to be abolished, the Senate must act to save it. Sentiment in the House of Representatives expressed by many members to a Post-Dispatch correspondent is overwhelmingly in favor of repealing the law creating the commission.

That the body has failed to accomplish the purpose for which it was created, that it has been deserted by the Governor, who fathered it, and that it is at the mercy of rural legislators who play upon the popular chord of low taxes, is admitted, creating a situation which threatens to destroy the only State instrumentality through which tax reforms are possible.

Elected on Repeal Plank. Many members of the House were elected upon platforms which had for their principal plank the repeal of the tax commission law, and one member says that at least six members of the House already have prepared bills designed to end the commission, while another says that, in his opinion, fully 50 per cent of the House members would vote for such a bill.

The opponents of the measure include Representative Dyott of Howell County, Republican floor leader, and one of the most influential men on the majority side. Dyott said he opposed the bill two years ago, and that he would favor its repeal this year.

Simmered down, the opposition to the commission is based almost entirely on the fact that the commission attempted to enforce the law for the assessment of property at its exact value, under which property throughout the State would have been assessed on a basis of equality. It failed to do so through the refusal of Attorney-General McAllister, Secretary of State Sullivan and Treasurer Middlekamp, a majority of the members of the State Board of Equalization, to approve its findings, and the failure of Gov. Gardner to make a fight for approval of its assessment figures which would have meant somewhat higher taxes for rural Missouri.

So the complaint is not that the commission has been inactive in its duties but rather that it has adhered too closely to a policy of law enforcement.

Farmer to Introduce Bill. One of the bills to abolish it will be introduced in the House by Representative William Hubbard, a farmer of Lawrence County. Hubbard says that the residents of his county are almost a unit in opposition to continuing the commission, and that he will prepare a bill repealing the law and introduce it next week.

The sentiment is by no means confined to the Republican side. Representative John D. Tolson of Howard County and Representative John H. Taylor of Kansas City, Democrats, saying that they would vote for a bill to do away with the commission.

In the Senate the opposition is not so pronounced, and there is a possibility that the Senate may save the commission. Senator McKnight of King City and Senator Duncan of Silex, both from farming communities, said they were opposed to repealing the law and that they doubted that a repeal measure would be successful in the Senate.

However, there is a way in which the work of the commission could be made negligible without absolutely destroying the commission, and that would be by refusing to appropriate funds for its maintenance. The fight may develop more seriously in the appropriation bills than on a repeal bill.

Some members express the opinion that the commission would not be in such serious danger if Gov. Gardner had not, to all practical purposes, abandoned it. The commission was unpopular and there reached the Capitol from all parts of the State during the past year many reports of its unpopularity.

Governor's Attitude. Shortly before the Legislature convened, the Governor expressed to a number of persons, among them a correspondent of the Post-Dispatch, his intention to virtually "wash his hands" of the commission. He said that, under the present conditions, the commission could accomplish little, if anything, and that it would be useless to continue it unless the Legislature enacted a law reducing the State tax rate, or enacted a law providing for assessment at partial value.

In his message to the Legislature at the opening of the session, the Governor, although he praised every other State department, ignored the real work of the tax commission, and mentioned only the fact that it had prepared a State budget. He did not recommend the continuance of the commission, and offered no suggestion as to any way in which its work could be made effective.

The fight in the Legislature to pass the repeal bill is expected to be one of the first to come up, and the passage of the bill in the House probably will be a matter of only a few weeks.

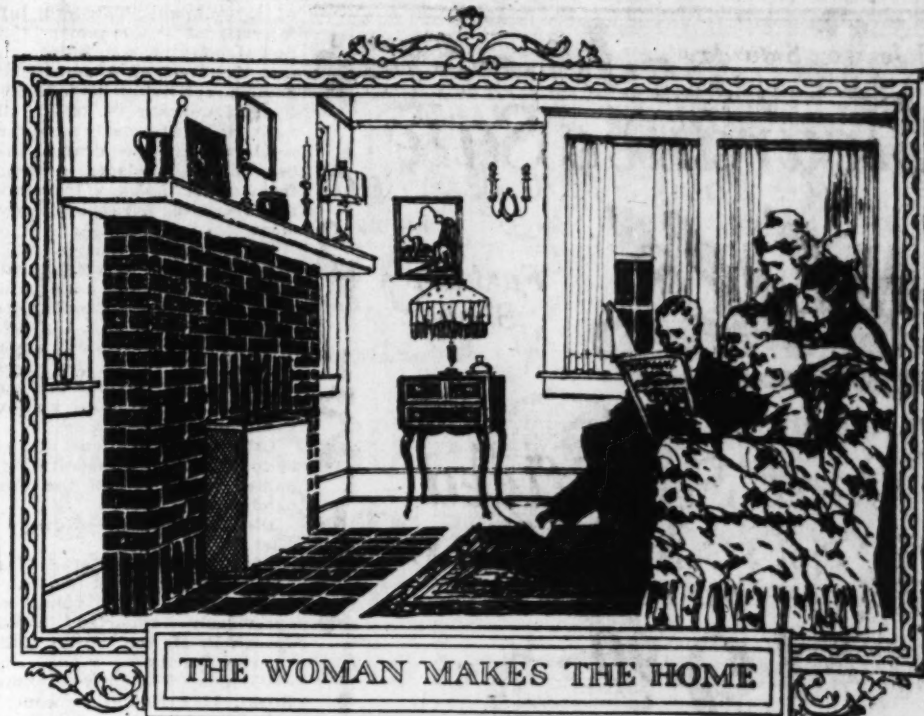
HOW ST. LOUIS COMPARES WITH DETROIT IN INDUSTRIES.

We have 28 per cent more industries than there are in Detroit.

Under the growing development of our market these industries are prospering and expanding.

(Chamber of Commerce Annual Review.)

Business Man: The SPIRIT of the hour is to SPEED UP. Get efficient help through the Post-Dispatch "WANT" ads—Adv.



THE WOMAN MAKES THE HOME

## An advertisement addressed to men

This advertisement is written for men, but its real message is addressed to women.

The Woman's Home Companion is addressed to women, but its real purpose has been to benefit men.

No man can deny the importance of his home in his life.

Nor the part that woman plays in making that home successful.

Therefore, no man should ignore the Woman's Home Companion, which has become a great business by helping women make homes.

The vastness of its work is proof of its success and of its necessity.

In a single year over a quarter of a million letters are written by Companion editors in reply to definite requests for definite advice.

You should see to it that your home receives the Woman's Home Companion. You should see to it that your home receives the benefit of the service that has made the Woman's Home Companion so necessary to more than a million other homes.

It is just as important to you as it is to your wife. The Companion is a man's paper only in the sense that it improves and enhances what should be each man's most cherished possession, his home.

## In February, among other things:

"Gentility is the most worthless possession in the world," says Agnes Repplier in her letter to a girl asking advice about what she should make of her life. "Thousands of women have starved for it, and thousands more have lived cramped, forlorn lives because they worshipped at its shrine."

"The Valley of Vision," a two-part novel by Sarah

Comstock (first part in February) is the problem of the girl with modern ideas in a setting of the old-fashioned conservatism.

Roland Phillips will find your boy. If he is in France and you haven't heard from him, tell the Companion and we will try and find out all about him and let you know.



## WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

THE CROWELL PUBLISHING COMPANY

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE

FARM AND FIRESIDE



**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION

When HELP is wanted use a Post-Dispatch Help Want Ad.

## WOMEN ELECT OFFICERS

The following officers of the Catholic Women's Association were elected last night: President, Mrs. James W. Grace; vice president, Miss Bertha Bruening; secretaries, Miss Mary Seller; Miss Rose Shea and Miss Mary T. McNamara; treasurers, Miss Stella O'Brien, Miss Hagney and Miss Kathryn Murphy.

turned from France, and Mrs. Margaret Long, a member of the council, are here to locate a site for a community center for returned soldiers which the council will finance.

## These Sales for Saturday

## Saturday Clearance Sale

At the New

**Bedell**

Fashion Shop

Washington Ave. at 7th Street

## Fur-Collar Coat Sacrificed

Were Cities' Best \$25, \$30 and Even \$40 Offerings—Now Reduced to

**\$19.90**

\$30.00 fine Plush Coats, \$35 Pom Pom Coats, \$29.75 Wool Velours, Kerseys and Meltons—in a variety of beautiful fur collar models, belted effects, loose back. The greatest reductions yet offered—including late arrivals heretofore unreduced!

## Distinctive Fur-Trimmed Coats

Radically Reduced for Clearance

**\$24.90 \$29.90 \$34.90**

Including rich Dolmans, semi-belted wrap effects, expensively trimmed with shawl or adjustable collars of Raccoon, Beaver, Seal—also deep cuffs and borders of fur, warmly interlined.

## Clearance Sale 1000 Silk Waists

Extraordinary Values in Fashionable Models

**\$3.85**

Formerly \$5.00 and \$6.50

Bringing into one "grand" collection the season's loveliest high-priced models! Tailored and trimmed models in Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Washable Satins—exquisitely embroidered, beaded and braided—all colors—wide range of models.



## Saturday's Greatest Dress Values Fashionable New Spring Models in Serges

Showing advanced features—all the gay, new tendencies of the Spring season, created by Paris! Models that will not appear elsewhere until later in the season—here at unheard-of underprice!

Trim, sedate tailcoats with tight, narrow skirts—tucked and slit in the new fashion. Trim shoulders and tight-fitting sleeves with butterfly cuffs, braided trimmed and embroidered models. French Serge in navy and colors.

## Spring Gowns The New Aristocrats

**\$25**

A superior assortment of richest Spring afternoon frocks of beaded Georgettes, lustrous Satins, new Spring Tulle, tris Serges. One side draped effects—novel tunics with braid puffs.

## Wind-Up Suits Were \$25 Up to \$35

**\$19.90**

Involving 305 high-grade Winter suits in variety of tailored and trimmed models! Serges, Poplins, Oxford, Velours, Tweeds, Mixtures in Navy, Black, Browns and wanted colors.

## No Charge for Alterations

Our corps of expert fitters and tailors assure that tailored fit that usually cost \$2 to \$30. We charge nothing.

Visit the United States and Allied Governments' WAR EXPOSITION—Coliseum Building

## FORMER MEMBER OF 138TH KILLED OCT. 15

Mechanic Drafted in 1917 Was Transferred to 30th Regiment of Regulars.

Arthur J. Landwehr, 24 years old, of K Company, Thirtieth Infantry, formerly of M Company, 138th (St. Louis) Infantry, was killed in action Oct. 15, according to an official notification received by his mother, Mrs. Lydia Landwehr of 2435 Fall avenue. He was formerly an automobile mechanic in the city.

Charles M. Presinger, 23, of E Company, 138th Infantry, died from wounds inflicted in action Aug. 28, according to a notification received by his aunt, Mrs. M. J. Diehl of 4604 A Virginia avenue. He was an orphan, and had lived at Mrs. Diehl's home. He enlisted in the regular army in August, 1917, and was stationed at Camp McArthur, Tex.

Others from St. Louis and vicinity in today's official casualty list, not named heretofore in the Post-Dispatch, are:

Died from wounds—Edward Ward, East St. Louis.

Died of disease—Roy S. Hart, 506 Ninth street, East St. Louis.

Wounded, degree undetermined (previously reported missing)—Joseph P. Merten, Flint Hill, St. Charles County.

Wounded slightly—Thomas V. Royal, 3211 Kossuth avenue.

Returned to duty (previously reported missing)—Waludine Bogdanovich, Madison; Frederick L. Mussler, 4535 Gannett street.

## CHURCHILL SAYS PRESIDENT HAS BRITISH PEOPLE'S CONFIDENCE

Has Made Them See That He Understands Their Country's Position, Statesman Declares.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of State for War in the new British Cabinet, in a speech at the American society dinner last night to Ambassador John W. Davis, in reviewing President Wilson's services, said that the crowds which thronged the streets of London during the President's visit here "showed how keenly and shrewdly the British people understood and appreciated President Wilson's work for the world."

"Before he came to us," Col. Churchill continued, "he was to us the friend of justice and humanity, but now he is the friend of Great Britain. He has made us understand that he comprehended the special needs, dangers and conditions of our island empire, depending from month to month and from year to year upon its naval strength and power for its security as well as its integrity, and from hour to hour for the whole of its prosperity, even for its daily bread."

"He made us realize that he grasped and understood our unique situation and our special condition in regard to all that concerned the security of Great Britain on the seas. He took away when he left not only the respect due to a world famous statesman, but also the personal liking and confidence of the great mass of the British people."

## MAN WHO TESTIFIED AGAINST RAY CUMMINS TO LEAVE STATE

George Franke and Former Police Relief Secretary Have Been Working at Same Place.

George Franke, paroled burglar, who testified against former Police Relief Secretary Ray Cummings when Cummings was convicted of burglary, told Circuit Attorney McDaniel that while working at a St. Louis packing plant he ran across Cummings, also working there. Franke asked the Circuit Attorney for a modification of his parole, so he could move to Chicago. It was granted. Cummings is awaiting the outcome of an appeal.

Cummings, former secretary of the Police Relief Association, was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment after Franke had been brought from the penitentiary, where he was serving six years, to testify that Cummings had been his secret partner in crime, while a policeman. Franke was paroled after his testimony.

Franke did not tell McDaniel that he had any trouble with Cummings when they met at their place of employment, the Circuit Attorney said. He gave other reasons for wanting to leave the State.

## DRIVE FOR SUNSHINE MISSION

Tags Intended for Street Campaign Being Distributed as Advertisements.

"Have a Heart for St. Louis Poor," is the slogan of the Sunshine Mission, which is directing the drive for funds for the Edward Card Sunshine Mission.

On account of the regulations against "tagging" people on the streets, women reported difficulty. Two hundred thousand tags intended for tagging are being distributed as advertisements only by merchants.

The campaign will continue till Saturday. No set amount has been fixed as the goal but it is the intention to raise enough funds to permit the Sunshine Mission, at 1528 Market street, to carry on its usual operations.

## EXPRESS RATES ARE REJECTED

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 17.—The Ohio Public Utilities Commission today formally rejected the order of W. G. McAtee, as Federal Railroad Director-General, providing for an increase of zone express rates so far as its operation in Ohio is concerned.

"Egg-o-la" will soon be "White-o-la" the nickname for eggs.—Ad.

## Catarrhal Deafness and Head Noises

TELLS SAFE AND SIMPLE WAY TO TREAT AND RELIEVE AT HOME

If you have catarrh, catarrhal deafness or head noises caused by catarrh, or if phlegm drops in your throat and have caused catarrh of the stomach or bowels, you will be glad to know that these distressing symptoms may be entirely overcome in many instances by the following treatment, which you can easily prepare in your own home at little cost. Secure from your druggist 1 ounce of Epsom (double strength). Take this home and add to it 4 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. An improvement is sometimes noted after the first day's treatment. Breathing should become easy, while the distressing head noises, headaches, dizziness, cloudy thinking, etc., should gradually disappear under the influence of the treatment. Loss of smell, taste, defective hearing and mucus droppings in the back of the throat are other symptoms which usually result from catarrh and which may often be overcome by this effective treatment. It is said that nearly ninety per cent of all ear troubles are caused by catarrh and that many therefore, be many people whose hearing may be restored by this simple, harmless, home treatment.—Ad.

## Library Glasses

Big easy reading lenses—frame of light comfortable tortoise shell—make reading a delight. They are an extra pleasure well worth their cost.

## Erker's

608 TWO STORES N. Grand

Phone that Automobile For Sale Advertisement to the Post-Dispatch or leave it with your druggist.

## To Cut Short a Cold Take a Calotab

The New Calomel Tablet That Is Entirely Purified of Nauseating and Dangerous Qualities.

Of all the medicines in the world the doctors prize Calomel most highly to break up a cold overnight or to cut short an attack of grippe, sore throat or a deep-seated cough and possibly to prevent pneumonia. Now that all of its unpleasant and dangerous qualities have been removed, the new kind of Calomel called "Calotab" is the doctors' ideal treatment for colds, etc.

One Calotab on the tongue at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea, not the slightest interference with your eating, your work or pleasures. Next morning your cold has vanished and your whole system is purified and refreshed. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages; price 35c. Your druggist recommends and guarantees Calotabs by refunding the price if you are not delighted. —AD-ADVERTISEMENT.



## Cuticura Cares For Both Their Skins

The purity of Cuticura Soap recommends it for both mother and babe. It keeps the skin soft, clear and healthy if used for every-day toilet purposes. For little skin troubles that distress and disfigure, bathe with the Soap, dry and apply touches of Cuticura Ointment as needed.

Be sure to test the fascinating fragrance of Cuticura Talcum on the skin.

606-608 Washington Avenue, Thru to Sixth Street

## Klines

St. Louis Kansas City Detroit Cleveland Cincinnati

Saturday Specials in

## UNDERWEAR

- Gowns
- Bloomers
- Corset Covers
- Silk Camisoles
- Envelope Chemise

Very special values in Underwear for Saturday's selling. Gowns, Chemise and Corset Covers of nainsook, with lace and embroidery trimmings; Bloomers of pink cotton crepe, and Camisoles of wash satin, in both tailored and lace trimmed styles.

## COATS—Sacrificed!

Many in This Group at 1/2 and LESS Than 1/2 Price!

A special group of just 57 Winter Coats offered for immediate clearance. Models from our regular lines at higher prices—smart styles, dependable fabrics—marked down in order to clear them from our stock at once. Some are trimmed with fur, others finished in self materials; broken assortments, but all sizes in the lot.

Up to \$30 Coats \$17.50 Up to \$55 Coats \$35.00

Several hundred high-class Coats marked for immediate clearance.

Individualized models; fur trimmed; silk lined; remarkable values.

## Spring Dresses

Specially \$17 Priced



Advance Spring Dresses developed of fine quality taffeta and crepe de chine, some with Georgette crepe sleeves and trimmings. Decidedly new and different models, showing the new silhouette. Specially priced to induce early buying.

## Up to \$40 Dancing &amp; Party Frocks

In Two Groups \$15 &amp; \$25

A clearance of Dancing Frocks and Party Dresses; many charming styles developed of taffeta, nets and tulle; in light pastel colorings only; all greatly underpriced.

## Girls' Graduation Apparel



Girls' White Dresses... \$3.95 to \$16.95  
White Middy Blouses... \$1.95 and \$2.95  
Girls' White Skirts... \$1.95 to \$3.95

Dainty Graduation Frocks in attractive, youthful styles; made of voiles, organdies and nets, trimmed with laces and embroidery; sizes 10 to 16 years. Also a complete stock of White Middy Blouses and White Skirts.

## Clearance of Coats

\$10 to \$12.50 \$6.00 Girls' Coats

Limited quantity of Coats; sizes 4, 5 and 6, also 8 to 12 years; in corduroy, plush, velvet, broad cloth and mixtures; very special values.

## FUR HATS

at \$10.00 and Up



1/2 PRICE

Every Fur and Fur Trimmed Hat in our entire stock at \$10 and up goes on sale Saturday morning at half price. Reduction made at time of purchase.

\$8.50 to \$10 Fur and Satin Hats \$5

Satin Hats, trimmed with fur; Georgette and satin combinations; also satin and straw combinations; very special.

## BOOT SALE



Values to \$8.00

\$5.75

Smart Boots of gray and brown kid with cloth tops to match; military and Louis heels; also black Kid Boots with French heels; on sale Saturday.

SPATS. Assorted colors; sold regularly up to \$1.95

## C. OF C. DIRECTORS APPROVE REPORT UPON ANNE

Committee Found Million Club's Plan Only One Using Early Success.

The Board of Directors Chamber of Commerce yesterday proved the report of the Anne Committee of that organization which favors the annexation of the city limits to the Population Club, and which presented to this session of the legislature. The committee was composed of Phillips W. Moss, chairman; Charles W. Bates, former mayor; G. Curtis and John H. Gaudin.

After considering various methods by which the city limits might be extended, and having in mind the fact that the annexation of the city limits to the Population Club, as to the legality of the plan, the committee concluded that the one approved was the one offering any prospect of success in the near future.

In commenting on the bill, man Moss said that if it were it would be the duty of the Chamber of Commerce to help promote and advocate elections on the

## Announ

## New

## and Feature

\$5

Georgettes in a bewildering shades, as well as striped and striped habutai innovations of

## Camis

Dainty styles of w

## New

## M



## In the

Up

Just 50 Coats with BURELLA, MELT

Up

Stylish models of ETTE. An excell

Up

3 Eastern Mink, 8 Black and Taupe, 15 Black Real Plu







## DON'T LET A COLD GATHER HEADWAY

Stick it right at the start with Dr. King's New Discovery.

After it is hard. Believe it or not, a cold or a mild attack of grippe or influenza promptly, pleasantly, effectively, economically. Loosen the stuffiness, check the sniffles, the tight feeling, the irritation, the watery, inflamed eyes.

It takes only a little of Dr. King's New Discovery to help the usual cold and cough discomforts if taken according to directions. A large bottle lasts long and is pleasant for young and old. Keep it handy—colds and coughs come unexpectedly. 60c and \$1.20.

**Stir Those Torpid Bowels**  
Enjoy the freedom of the regularity made possible by mild yet positive acting, natural, pleasant, comfortable Dr. King's New Life Pills. Not habit-forming, but a system cleanser that promotes healthful results. All drug stores, 25c.—ADV.

## FRISCO TRAIN IS DERAILED

Special to the Post-Dispatch.  
SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Jan. 17.—Frisco passenger train No. 103, op-

## BREW THIS TEA FOR BILIOUSNESS

Costs next to nothing, yet keeps bowels in fine order and ends constipation.

The head of every family that values its health should always have in the house a package of Dr. Carter's K. and B. Tea. Then when any member of the family needs something for a sluggish liver, sick headache, or to promptly regulate the bowels, simply brew a cup and drink it just before bedtime. It's an old remedy, is Dr. Carter's K. and B. Tea, and has been used for years by thousands of families, who get such good results from its use that they have no desire to take anything else. Give it to the children freely—they like it, and it will do them good.—ADV.

## WURLITZER

ESTABLISHED FOR 62 YEARS

"A BETTER PIANO FOR LESS MONEY"

Here is what you have longed for---a Baby Grand which will take up no more space than an Upright Piano



WE ARE PRESENTING what we consider to be the most remarkable Piano made—everything considered—its size, its tone, its price. It is the WURLITZER BABY GRAND PIANO which accommodates itself to the size of modern homes and apartments. It takes up no more space than an ordinary sized upright piano.

### Conditions upon which these Grands are sold

- 1 That if for any reason whatsoever the piano is not satisfactory after a 30 days' trial and inspection in your home, you may have your money back.
- 2 That you may exchange it for any other new instrument that we carry of equal grade, at any time within 6 months, without incurring any loss or being put to any extra expense.
- 3 That the piano is guaranteed without restriction or reservation for the period of 5 years.
- 4 That you may take 2 1/2 years' time in which to make settlement, dividing the payments over a 13-week period as best suits your convenience.

Yet in beauty of design and quality of tone it is a good rival for a full-sized parlor grand.

The daintiness of its size and richness of tone, however, are not its only merits. While any of the lot of 25 instruments remain, the price will be only \$550 each, the regular price for similar Grands of other makes being \$650 each.

### This Is the Story:

These instruments are from the workrooms of The Wurlitzer Piano Company of New York. They are the latest real achievement in the piano industry—and it is to appeal to the music-loving people of St. Louis that we are placing 25 of these little works of art upon this market at this exceptionally low price—a price which is no higher than you would have to give for an upright piano of equal grade and which represents a clean saving to you of \$100—if you will take advantage of this introductory sale NOW.

\$550

The value of these 25 Baby Grands is \$550. The introductory price is \$550, which price can be divided up into payments to suit the purchaser, covering a period of 2 1/2 years.

We will gladly send you, upon request, a tissue paper pattern the exact size of this remarkable little Grand, which, when spread out upon your floor, will show the convenience of its size. Send for one at once.



While this sale is on we also wish to dispose of some wonderful bargains in used pianos and player-pianos. You will find them all here on our floors as advertised—all in perfect condition.

\$15.00 worth of Q. R. S. music rolls and a bench given with each Player. These Pianos and Players can be bought at very reasonable terms.

### Used Upright Pianos

Knaabe	mahogany	\$145
Smith & Barnes	oak	\$160
Kohler & Campbell	mahogany	\$195
Estey	mahogany	\$ 90
Gabler	walnut	\$ 85
Fischer	mahogany	\$ 70
Vose	oak	\$105
Chickering	mahogany	\$110

### Used Player Pianos

Autopiano	SS-note, mahogany	\$355
Emerson	SS-note, mahogany	\$295
Kimball	SS-note, oak	\$295
Ellington	SS-note, mahogany	\$365
Apollo	SS-note, mahogany	\$315
Steinway	SS-note, ebony	\$345

## The RUDOLPH WURLITZER CO.

1109 Olive St.

During this introductory sale, the store will remain open evenings until 9 o'clock

## WURLITZER

## 461. W. W. MEMBERS ARE FOUND GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

Convicted at Sacramento, Cal., of Plots to "Lay Bombs and Be Miles Away at Explosions."

### WOMAN AMONG DEFENDANTS

Prosecutor Says "She Is as Disloyal as Bill Haywood"—Sentences of From 2 to 20 Years Possible, It Is Said.

By the Associated Press. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 17.—All the 46 defendants in the I. W. W. conspiracy case were found guilty by a jury in the United States District Court at 8 p. m. yesterday, after the jury had been out since 4:35 o'clock. Sentence will be imposed today by United States Judge Rudkin of Spokane.

Robert Duncan, chief Government prosecutor, in his address, said: "The I. W. W. recognizes no country, no flag, no color line. They respect no flag but the red flag. They would drag us all down to the level of the lowest man. They do so by recognizing difference of ability in men, but would give the unworthy the same privileges for which the worthy have to strive so hard."

Duncan read at length from journals of the organization which were alleged to have stated that "no peace officer could be a member of the I. W. W.," the "uniform of the United States soldier is merely the livery of the scab," and "Sabotage is a sign of courage."

**Woman Called Disloyal.**  
Miss Theodora Pollok, the only woman defendant, was called by Duncan "just as disloyal as Bill Haywood, the executive head of the organization."

The defendants, who joined in a "silent protest" and were not represented by counsel, sang "In Union There Is Strength" to the tune of the Battle Hymn of the Republic, as they filed from the courtroom. Prison terms which may be imposed range from two to 20 years, it was said.

Ramifications of the case involved attempts, charged against the defendants, to start fires and use other forms of sabotage as the result of imprisonment of I. W. W. members for various crimes.

**Who Miss Pollok Is.**  
Miss Pollok in 1913 and 1914 was assistant to Prof. Arthur Upham Pope of the University of California in the American Neutral Conference. She was employed by the city museum of Newark, N. J., for a time, and in 1917 was assistant executive secretary of the California Conference of Social Agencies.

During the winter of 1913-14, Miss Pollok was executive secretary of the International Defense Workers' League, then active in behalf of H. D. Surr and Richard Ford, later sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of District Attorney E. T. Manwell of Yuba County, California. For eight months in 1916 and 1917 she again worked for the league in connection with the San Francisco Preparedness day bomb case defense. Under the general indictment here Miss Pollok was charged with conspiracy to prevent enforcement of the espionage act, to obstruct the draft, to violate the United States Constitution and to hamper war work. Overt acts charged against her were the alleged writing and circulating of a "free verse" poem on "The Soldier With the Broken Nose," and conspiracy with Basile Saffores of San Francisco to send I. W. W. literature to Holland.

### BOLSHEVISM AMONG TROOPS EVERYWHERE, SAYS HOLLIS

Senator Declares Paris Soldiers Have to Be Shifted—"Danger of Friction Among Allies."

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The House bill appropriating \$100,000,000 desired by President Wilson to relieve starvation in Europe, was reported to the Senate today by Democratic Leader Martin with the endorsement of the Appropriations Committee. Senator Martin will call it up tomorrow.

The committee, it was revealed, adopted a resolution directing Senator Martin to cable President Wilson and urge "a firm arrangement for allied assistance."

The hearings in the committee revealed that Senator Hollis of New Hampshire, Democrat, who spent several months in Europe, said there was tremendous destitution in Central Europe and that prominent men of Switzerland, Italy, Russia and Czechoslovakia all were "much afraid of Bolshevism."

"Bolshevism," said Senator Hollis, "is a very real terror to all good citizens of Western Europe. It is everywhere. I spent six weeks in Spain. It is there, and it is quite likely to overthrow the organized Government of Spain. It is in France. It is everywhere among the troops. The troops in Paris have had to be constantly shifted because the people were afraid they would run riot."

"I still feel there is very great danger that the war is not over," he said. "There is even danger of friction among the allies. There is friction now between Italy and the Jews Slavs."

# Winter warmth for America's men

Gladly American men gave up *their* warmth, that the boys on sea and in the trenches might be warm.

But that is history now—as is the great war.

Since the signing of the armistice these immense underwear mills—where warm Mayo ten-rib-to-the-inch underwear is made—have overcome the obstacles of war production. A giant mill at Mt. Airy, N. C., is making hundreds of dozens of Mayo suits weekly—besides other Mayo production.

Every wearer, dealer and jobber of Mayo Underwear—the kind staunch out-o'-doors men wear, from Alaska to the Gulf—will have full supplies by next Fall.

This is a definite Mayo promise.

Perhaps your dealer has your Mayo suit even now. It's worth while to ask him.

Remember Mayo.

**Mayo**  
Made from Mayo Yarn

WINTER UNDERWEAR  
for MEN and BOYS

UNION SUITS  
SHIRTS · DRAWERS

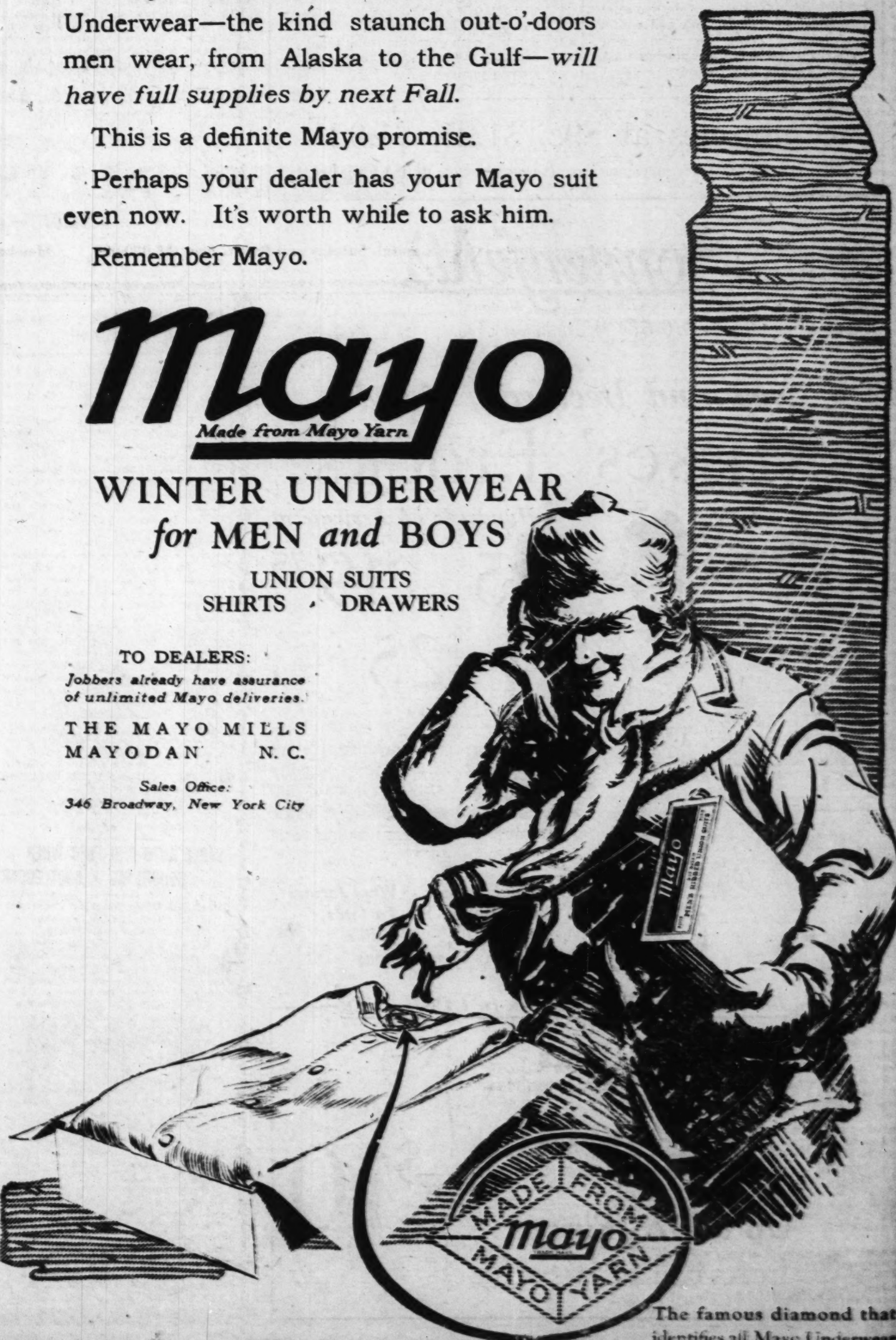
### TO DEALERS:

Jobbers already have assurance of unlimited Mayo deliveries.

THE MAYO MILLS  
MAYODAN, N. C.

Sales Office:

346 Broadway, New York City



The famous diamond that identifies all Mayo Underwear

## ARMY BILL LIKELY TO OVER TO NEXT CONGRESS

House Committee Voted Agreed After Baker and M. Explain Reorganization Plan

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.

House Military Committee reached an agreement yesterday with Secretary Baker, Gen. March, Chief of Staff, to postpone the War Department reorganization bill until the next session of Congress.

A suggestion by Chairman that a legislative rider on the appropriation bill continuing the existing War Department organization measure framed the department and the regular army another year be substituted for reorganization measure, met with approval of Baker and approval of March, Chief of Staff, with that of a majority of the committee members.

The proposal, grew out of the conference at which Secretary Baker, the Chief of Staff explained the organization measure framed the department providing for a regular army of 500,000 men to be raised by voluntary enlistment on a flat year basis. The bill also would make permanent the absolute ceiling over all branches of the army, exercised by the Chief of Staff, war-time necessity.

The rider probably will leave strength of the force to presidential order within limits and subject to appropriation limitations. The committee will take up at once the regular appropriation bill, which provides, as drawn, for 600 men.

"The question of universal training is a question of national policy," Gen. March in response to question "it is the duty of the general to submit recommendation to Secretary of War when they are called for. If they do not, the Secretary, they are stopped. Secretary has told you that they are on his desk."

Gen. March said the army now organized under presidential order and the plan included in the bill was, practically that organization. A total strength of 500,000 men is provided for, he said, to be organized into 20 divisions and into five corps. The total cost cost fixed at \$1,155,000,000, based on a return to a basic \$15 a month for privates and exclusive of \$36,000,000 carried in fortifications bill.

**Use of Poison Gas Assailed.**  
All of the existing war-time organizations such as the tank transportation and motor transportation corps, and the like, are continued with the exception of chemical warfare service. "We are not in favor of the use of the poison gas in war," Gen. March declared. "Not that it makes difference how you kill a soldier, the gas lies on the ground and trades back to villages and kills men and children. No civilized ought to use it."

The General said that even the armistice was signed, the international Red Cross was working agreement among the belligerents abandonment of gas warfare added that the peace congress expected to prohibit its use should be.

The plan mapped out in the bill provides for six officers of the of Lieutenant-General to take command of staff with the rank of general as the officer taking "rank" over all other officers.

One of the most important provisions of the bill, Gen. March said, was that giving reserve corps rank including that of Colonel and Major, as now provided. The bill provides for abolition of the rank of Captain or higher, time an officer becomes a Colonel, Gen. March said, his ability known quantity.

**Reference to National Guard.**  
Gen. March said the National Guard was at present "out of place," and added that until it was really composed of the old and are now in France have home not even the Government Adjutant-Generals of the States to increase its future. The General said it would be manifestly to organize a new force which include the men overseas, and appropriation for the guard be proposed.

Baker assured the committee the War Department would submit to the fullest extent possible within the meaning of laws. The equipment and these forces would be made available, he added, "if he had the rule the Judge Advocate General."

### I. W. W. Parade Broken

By the Associated Press.

SEATTLE, Jan. 17.—A

nearly 500 persons, leaving a mass meeting and starting a parade through the city's business district singing I. W. W. songs, dispersed last night by 20 police officers, supported by automobiles containing police with carbines, and behind a platoon of police with clubs. The parade followed an open air meeting under sanction of the Trades Council and Central Council, attended by near persons. The meeting was orderly. A Wislond, chairman resolutions condemning the stopping last Sunday's which ended in a riot.

### Carpenters' Union Quits As

By the Associated Press.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—The Carpenters' Union voted last night to withdraw from the Trades Assembly, giving as a reason central body is controlled by "Bolshevik tendencies." The union is the second in St. Louis.



FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1919.

# ARMY BILL LIKELY TO GO OVER TO NEXT CONGRESS

House Committee Virtually Agreed After Baker and March Explain Reorganization Plan.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The House Military Committee virtually reached an agreement yesterday in conference with Secretary Baker and Gen. March, Chief of Staff, to postpone the War Department reorganization bill until the next session of Congress.

A suggestion by Chairman Dent that a legislative rider on the army appropriation bill continuing the existing war organization of the department and the regular army for another year be substituted for the reorganization measure, met with the approval of Baker and apparently with that of a majority of the committee members.

The proposal grew out of the conference at which Secretary Baker and the Chief of Staff explained the reorganization measure framed by the department providing for a regular army of 500,000 men to be raised by voluntary enlistment on a flat three-year basis. The bill also would have made permanent the absolute control over all branches of the army now exercised by the Chief of Staff as a wartime necessity.

Army of 500,000 Prop. Fed.

The rider probably will leave the strength of the force to presidential order within limits and subject to appropriation limitations. The committee will take up at once hearings on the regular appropriation bill, which provides, as drawn, for 500,000 men.

"The question of universal training is a question of national policy," said Gen. March in response to questions. "It is the duty of the general staff to submit recommendation to the Secretary of War when they are called for. If they do not get by the Secretary, they are stopped. The Secretary has told you that they are on his desk."

Gen. March said the army was reorganized under presidential order and the plan included in the staff bill was practically that organization. A total strength of 500,000 men is provided for, he said, to be organized into 20 divisions equipped into five corps. The total annual cost he fixed at \$1,185,000,000 estimated on a return to a basic pay of \$15 a month for privates and exclusive of \$36,000,000 carried in the fortifications bill.

Use of Poison Gas Assailed.

All of the existing war-time organizations such as the tank corps, transportation and motor transportation corps, and the like, are to be continued with the exception of the chemical warfare service.

"We are not in favor of the use of the poison gas in war," Gen. March declared. "Not that it makes any difference how you kill a soldier, but the gas lies on the ground and penetrates back to villages and kills women and children. No civilized nation ought to use it."

The plan mapped out in the bill provides for six officers of the rank of Lieutenant-General to take care of the army, and Gen. March said the chief of staff with the rank of General as the officer taking "rank and precedence over all other officers."

One of the most important provisions of the bill, Gen. March said, was that giving reserve corps officers rank including that of Colonel, instead of Major, as now provided.

The bill provides for absolute promotion by necessity of all officers of rank of Captain or higher. By the time an officer becomes a Captain, Gen. March said, his ability is a known quantity.

Reference to National Guard.

Gen. March said the National Guard was at present "out of existence," and added that until the men who really compose the old guard are now in France have come home not even the Government nor Adjutant-Generals of the States can foresee its future. The General said it would be manifestly unfair to organize a new force which excluded the men organized and that the appropriation for the guard had been proposed.

Baker assured the committee that the War Department would co-operate to the fullest extent with any states which raised national guards units within the meaning of Federal laws. The equipment and arms for these forces would be made available, he added, "if he had to overrule the Judge Advocate General."

I. W. W. Parade Broken Up.

By the Associated Press.

SEATTLE, Jan. 17.—Approximately 500 persons, taking an open air mass meeting and starting a parade through the city's business district singing I. W. W. songs, were dispersed last night by 20 mounted police officers, who fired tear gas automobiles containing police armed with carbines, and behind these a platoon of police with clubs. The parade followed an open air meeting under sanction of the Metal Trades Council and Central Labor Council, attended by nearly 6000 persons. This meeting was quiet and orderly. A Wicland chairman, read resolutions condemning the police for stopping last Sunday's meeting, which ended in a riot.

Carpenters' Union Quits Assembly.

By the Associated Press.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 17.—The Butte Carpenters' Union voted last night to withdraw from the Trades and Labor Assembly, giving as a reason that this central body is controlled by radicals and Bolsheviki tendencies. The carpenters' union is the second largest in Butte.

PAID OUT 45c—took in \$32.00! A Sullivan avenue lady sold her baby buggy through P.-D. "WANTS."

# Signs Owner's Receipt For STOLEN AUTO AND IS ARRESTED

Man Claiming Machine Removed From Kansas City Called at Police Station for Property.

Fred Whalen, 26 years old, of 5575 Delmar boulevard, called at police headquarters today and received for an automobile which had been in the police garage for several days and which he claimed as his property. He was about to take the car when a detective took him to a cell, charging that he had a stolen car in his possession.

The automobile was confiscated in the 5500 block on Waterman avenue by two detectives, who arrested the three occupants on suspicion that they were thieves. The detectives had watched the men examining several automobiles and discovered that they had wire-cutters in their car.

The man in charge of the car said that he was employed by Whalen but he could not say that Whalen was the owner of the car. Later the machine was identified by the numbers as having been stolen in Kansas City. Several men called at police headquarters and claimed the car, saying that they had been sent by Whalen. They were told that Whalen himself would have to call for it.

Whalen told detectives that he had purchased the car from an automobile dealer on Locust street.

# The Mississippi Valley Trust Company Publishes:

## Gifts to One, to Several, to a Class

### A Gift to One Person

A gift by will may be to one person by name or equivalent description. Its advantage is that it confers sole ownership. Its disadvantage is that it may lapse in case of death before vesting, which simply means that if a person so designated dies before the gift becomes legal his gift may lapse and become part of the general or residuary estate.

### Gifts to a Plurality

A gift by will may be to a plurality of persons by name or equivalent description and ownership so conferred may be several, joint or in common. Ownership in severalty is ownership where the interest of each one of the parties is clearly separate from the interest of any or all of the others. If the owners take as joint tenants, whether as individuals or as a class, the rule of survivorship gives all to the survivors in any case. If the gift is held 'in common,' each individual holds an undivided share and his heirs or next of kin take on his death. The disadvantages of describing your beneficiaries in this way is that the gift may lapse owing to the death of one or more of the persons designated.

### Gifts to a Class

A gift by will may be to a class by description, as children, descendants, brothers, etc. The advantages of such a designation of beneficiaries are three. First, the class described may 'open and let in others,' as, for instance, if you say: "my children," this will include any child of

your living at the time when, according to your will, the gift takes effect, even though they may have been born after the will was executed. Second, with this kind of gift you do not have to fear that it will lapse unless every member of the class designated fails to survive. Third, all members of the class take per capita, that is share and share alike. The disadvantage is that descendants of deceased members may be excluded.

### Modifications

These principles are taken from Daniel S. Remsen's book, "The Preparation and Contest of Wills." Mr. Remsen says in connection with them: "But all these may be modified by suitable words in the will."

### In Conclusion

A will is one of the most intimate and personal concerns of a man's life and he needs wise counsel and expert service in connection with it. He must realize that, in drawing his will, he is providing for all sorts of future contingencies—that the needs and desires of his beneficiaries may change, but that his will cannot be changed to meet changing conditions when he is gone. He must repose a great deal of trust and confidence in the attorney who draws his will and in the executor and trustee who will eventually carry out its provisions.

Your will can name the Mississippi Valley Trust Company as executor or trustee. If it does so it will insure the greatest possible fidelity and efficiency at an expense, certainly not greater, and possibly less than if you named an individual in either capacity.

Talk to your lawyer about our service as Executor and Trustee under will for anyone who owns property in Missouri.

# MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY

## FOURTH and PINE

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over \$8,000,000 Member Federal Reserve System Correspondence Invited

### DEATHS

**GALLAGHER**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., Charles Gallagher, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**HALEY**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Haley, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**JENNEMANN**—Entered into rest on Monday, Jan. 14, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Jennemann, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**JUCHIM**—Entered into rest on Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Juchim, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**JUNGELING**—Entered into rest on Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Jungeling, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**KREY**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Krey, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**KREYER**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Kreyer, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

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**OPPELMAN**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Oppelman, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**ROACH**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Roach, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

**SCHMIDT**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Schmidt, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

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### LOST AND FOUND

**FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN COUPON BOOKS**—Lost, one book, containing coupons for \$100.00. Finder, please return to 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. Reward, \$5.00.

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# one Minute

That's the length of time it takes to open a savings account at Window 14 in Missouri's Oldest Bank.

No delay, no questions to ask, no Red Tape!

"A Dollar and a Minute Open a Boatmen's Savings Account"

Open Saturday from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

# Boatmen's Bank

Broadway and Olive

### DEATHS

**DOLAN**—Entered into rest on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 11:30 a. m., John H. Dolan, aged 70 years, of 1314 S. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo. He was born in Ireland and was a member of the St. Louis Catholic church. He was a retired fireman and was well known in the city. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and several children. Funeral services will be held at 10 a. m. on Saturday, Jan. 19, at St. Louis Cathedral. Burial in Calvary cemetery.

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# Aronberg's

426 NORTH 8th St. Established 1904

Your Credit is Good at Aronberg's

Directly Opposite Columbia Theater Open Saturdays Till 9 P. M.

Courteous Treatment. We Are Downstairs.

Magnificent Blue White Diamonds Perfect Cut

1.00 a Week

We sure would like you to see these wonderful values. Come in and make your selection. NOW Twenty-five different styles of 14-karat mountings for ladies or gents. Truly a diamond is the most desirable of all gifts. Just note our low terms.

\$40

We Have Other Beautiful Diamonds, \$10 to \$100

See Our Bracelet Watches, \$1.00 a Week

# 17-JEWEL ILLINOIS WATCH

When it comes to buying a dependable timepiece you can do no better than to select the choice of the men who know. The "Illinois" is recognized as the "best watch ever sold at a popular price." It is used and recommended by men in every walk of life—men with whom every minute counts. Has 17 jewels—genuine rubies and sapphires and cases that are gold-filled and guaranteed for 20 years. Plain and engraved style.

\$1.00 DOWN \$1.00 A WEEK \$24

# SEALING PROPOSALS

STORAGE AND MOVING

CHAMBERLAIN'S moving van, \$1.00 per hour, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$1.50 to \$3.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$2.00 to \$4.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$2.50 to \$5.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$3.00 to \$6.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$3.50 to \$7.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

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STORAGE—\$4.50 to \$9.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

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STORAGE—\$5.50 to \$11.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

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STORAGE—\$39.50 to \$79.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$40.00 to \$80.00 per week, for storage in exchange, Belmont 2010, Chicago 2020.

STORAGE—\$40.50 to \$8











## Men's Pure Silk Hose

Broken lots and discontinued numbers of McCallum, Aristo, Mayco, Onyx and Surety brands. Full fashioned with reinforced heels and toes—black white and colors. \$1 to \$2 values—Saturday..... **85c**  
Main Floor

## FAMOUS-BARR CO.

We Give Eagle Stamps and Redeem Full Books for \$2 in cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

Store Open Saturdays Till 6 O'Clock

## Military Apparel

Our entire stock of army uniforms, overcoats and raincoats, offered at a reduction of..... **25%**  
Second Floor

Make It a Point Tomorrow to Profit By Our Vigorous

## January Clearing Sale

The Big Clothes-Buying Event of the Season, With Its Extraordinary Economy Chances on Clothes of Superfine Quality

Even though the fourth week of this momentous event begins tomorrow, the stocks involved in this clearing campaign were so tremendously large and the assortments so broadly varied, selections are still surprisingly complete and the values are still as extreme as at any time during this sale.

Returning sailors, soldiers and marines about to change to civilian attire can economically provide their needs during this special event.

The garments are the products of America's most reputable clothes builders—clothes which you can buy with every confidence that they will give honest and lasting service. The fabrics, patterns, colors and styles are all highly desirable and in this season's most approved effects. The sizes include regulars, slims, stouts, short stouts and plenty of extra-size garments for extra-size men. Particularly featured are the five wondrous groups here listed:



\$20.00 and \$22.50 Suits and Overcoats  
Sale Price.

**\$16.85**

\$25.00 and \$28.00 Suits and Overcoats  
Sale Price.

**\$19.75**

\$30.00 and \$32.50 Suits and Overcoats  
Sale Price.

**\$24.50**

\$35.00 and \$37.50 Suits and Overcoats  
Sale Price.

**\$29.75**

\$40.00 and \$45.00 Suits and Overcoats  
Sale Price.

**\$34.50**

## Clearing Trousers

Hundreds of hundreds of odd Trousers for business or dress wear at January Clearing Prices.

\$3.50 Trousers	\$2.90
\$4.00 and \$4.50 Trousers	\$3.55
\$5.00 and \$6.00 Trousers	\$4.00
\$6.50 and \$7.50 Trousers	\$5.50
\$8.50 and \$10.00 Trousers	\$6.75

Second Floor

## Clearing Mackinaws

Plaid, checked and striped all-wool Mackinaws—double-breasted models.

\$10 Mackinaws	\$7.50
\$12.50 Mackinaws	\$9.50
\$15 Mackinaws	\$12.50

Second Floor

## Clearing Overcoats

Fur lined and fur collar Overcoats—our entire remaining stock, greatly reduced for the January Clearance.

Second Floor

## Clearing Fancy Vests

Hundreds of Vests in styles, patterns and sizes for men and young men.

\$3.50 and \$4 Vests.....\$2.35 \$5 and \$6 Vests.....\$3.10  
Second Floor

## Clearing Raincoats

Big selection of gabardine and rubberized Raincoats at January Clearing prices.

\$8.50 Rubberized Raincoats	\$ 6.75
\$10 Cassimere Coats	\$ 8.40
\$12.50 Storm Coats	\$ 9.00
\$15 Trench Raincoats	\$11.75
\$25 Gabardine Coats	\$21.75
\$30 Gabardine Coats	\$24.50

Second Floor

## Simplicity Is the Keynote This Year in Girls' Graduation Dresses

These are Special for Saturday at **\$17.50 and \$19.75**

Wispome, simple lines in Graduation Frocks are greatly in favor this year. Attractiveness, however, has not been sacrificed, judging from these dainty white dresses of Georgette and imported voiles, one style as pictured. Sizes 12 to 16.

Dresses, \$5.95

Peter Thompson Model Dresses, made of white drill, full pleated effect, trimmed with embroidered emblems. Sizes 12 to 16.

Middy Skirts, \$2.95

Separate Middy Skirts, made of white linen and poplin, pleated or shirred. Will match smocks and blouses mentioned below. Sizes 12 to 16.

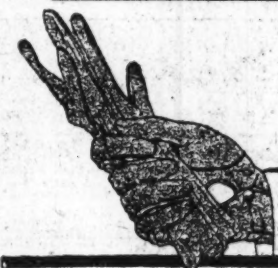
White Middy Blouses and Smocks

Fresh, attractive-looking garments of white linene and poplin. Middies are regulation models—smocks are in slipover styles. Tastefully trimmed—sizes 12 to 20.

**\$2.50, \$2.95 & \$3.95**  
Third Floor



## Men's Fownes Benton Cape Gloves



\$1.85 and \$2.25 Values, at..... **\$1.55**

Every well-dressed man will be interested in this offer. They are the real capekin—soft and pliable—and have wear or plain backs—long or short fingers. Mostly in golden tan shade, suitable for street or dress wear. While 50 dozen last,

Men's \$8.50 to \$12 Silk Shirts, \$7.59

Of beautiful quality crepe de chine and pussy willow silks, in exquisite patterns and all sizes. Only 15 dozen in the lot and they are wonderfully good values—come early.

Main Floor

The Hal Clearance Offers  
**\$4 and \$5 Velours**  
**\$2.95**



Black, brown and green silk lined velours. A practical and dressy hat for all occasions.	
\$2.50 Black Derbies	\$1.85
\$3 Soft Hats	\$2.45
\$3.50 and \$4 Derbies and Soft Hats	\$3
\$3.00 Fur Caps	\$2.50
\$5.00 Fur Caps	\$4.00
\$1.50 Winter Caps	\$1.00
\$1 Corduroy Caps	50c
\$2.00 Plush Caps	\$1.50

Main Floor

## Clearing Misses' Frocks

Values Extraordinary, Ranging From \$20 to \$35 at

**\$11.50, \$15 & \$20**



As desirable as all of these Dresses are, they must be disposed of quickly to make room for the now arriving Spring apparel. Former prices, therefore, have been utterly disregarded, and the saving opportunities throughout the Misses' Section are irresistible.

Frocks for street, office, party, afternoon, school and college wear, in numerous alluring styles. Fashioned of taffeta, serge, jersey, velvet, satin, crepe de chine and Georgette combinations. Sizes for misses and women with youthful figures. It's well to remember that many of these frocks are suitable for early Spring wear.

## Coats Reduced

Practically our entire stock, divided into five remarkable groups, offering:

Coats worth to \$35.00	\$20.50
Coats worth to \$40.00	\$24.50
Coats worth to \$60.00	\$39.50
Coats worth to \$70.00	\$48.75
Coats worth to \$90.00	\$59.75

## Suits Reduced

Scores of garments in the season's favored styles, offered at three extremely low prices.

Suits up to \$30	\$17.45
Suits up to \$40	\$25.00
Suits up to \$50	\$35.00

Third Floor



## Boyden Shoes

\$12.00 Val. **\$9.45**  
us, Pair

Nobly styles on the very latest English last, in gunmetal, tan, Russia, or black kid leathers. Of special interest to the well-dressed man.

Men's \$5 to \$8 Shoes  
Special at **\$4.25**

500 pairs—broken lines of Men's gunmetal, tan, black kid and patent calf Shoes in English or the wider toe lasts, in lace and Blucher styles.

Second Floor

## Auto Needs

Just a few of the many items from our Auto Accessory Section at special prices for Saturday.

Haveoline Oil—5-gal. can	\$3.25
Tire-Saving Jacks—set of four	\$4.95
Whiz Anti-Freeze—gal. can	\$1.45
Blue Flame Spark Plugs	49c
Mormiles Tablets—box of 100, 73c	
"Missing Link" repairs tire chains without tools—box of 10	58c

Firestone Auto Casings—Seconds

30x3 Non-Skid	List \$18.00	Our Price \$11.75
30x3 1/2 Non-Skid	\$23.00	\$14.95
32x3 1/2 Non-Skid	\$27.15	\$17.75
32x4 Non-Skid	\$37.00	\$24.00
33x4 Non-Skid	\$39.00	\$25.35
34x4 Non-Skid	\$49.00	\$26.00
35x1 1/2 Non-Skid	\$55.00	\$35.00
35x4 1/2 Plain	\$47.50	\$30.00

Second Floor

## Boys' Graduation Suits

Special Saturday **\$10.75**

Surely you will want to dress your proud youngster in a manner befitting this important occasion. And just as surely will you want to select from the largest assortments and best values. These are, of course, to be found at St. Louis' Foremost Boys' Store, where newest models of all wool, fast colored blue serge are shown in sizes from 10 to 18. Each suit is splendidly made and perfect fitting with knickers full lined.

Other Suits for graduation and dress wear, \$12.75 to \$22.75.



## The Clearing of Boys' Suits and Overcoats Continues

\$7 and \$8 Suits, Mackinaws and Overcoats, broken sizes	\$5.90
\$9 and \$10 Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws	\$7.25
\$11.50 and \$12.50 Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws	\$9.40
\$13.50 and \$15.00 Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws	\$11.00
\$16.50 and \$18.00 Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws	\$13.75
\$20 and \$22.50 Suits and Overcoats	\$16.75

Second Floor

## In the Basement Economy Store Men's Suits and Overcoats



To \$19.50 Values, Clearing at..... **\$14.87**

Hundreds of Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats have been grouped to sell at this price. They're built of splendid fabrics, kinds that will give satisfying service in neat patterns.

The Suits are in conservative and up-to-the-moment styles, well made of pure worsted and wool casimires. A complete range of sizes.

The Overcoats are in convertible collar style, in a large assortment of good materials and patterns. All sizes.

Other Suits and Overcoats in the clearance, priced from \$8.88 to \$16.85.

Basement Economy Store

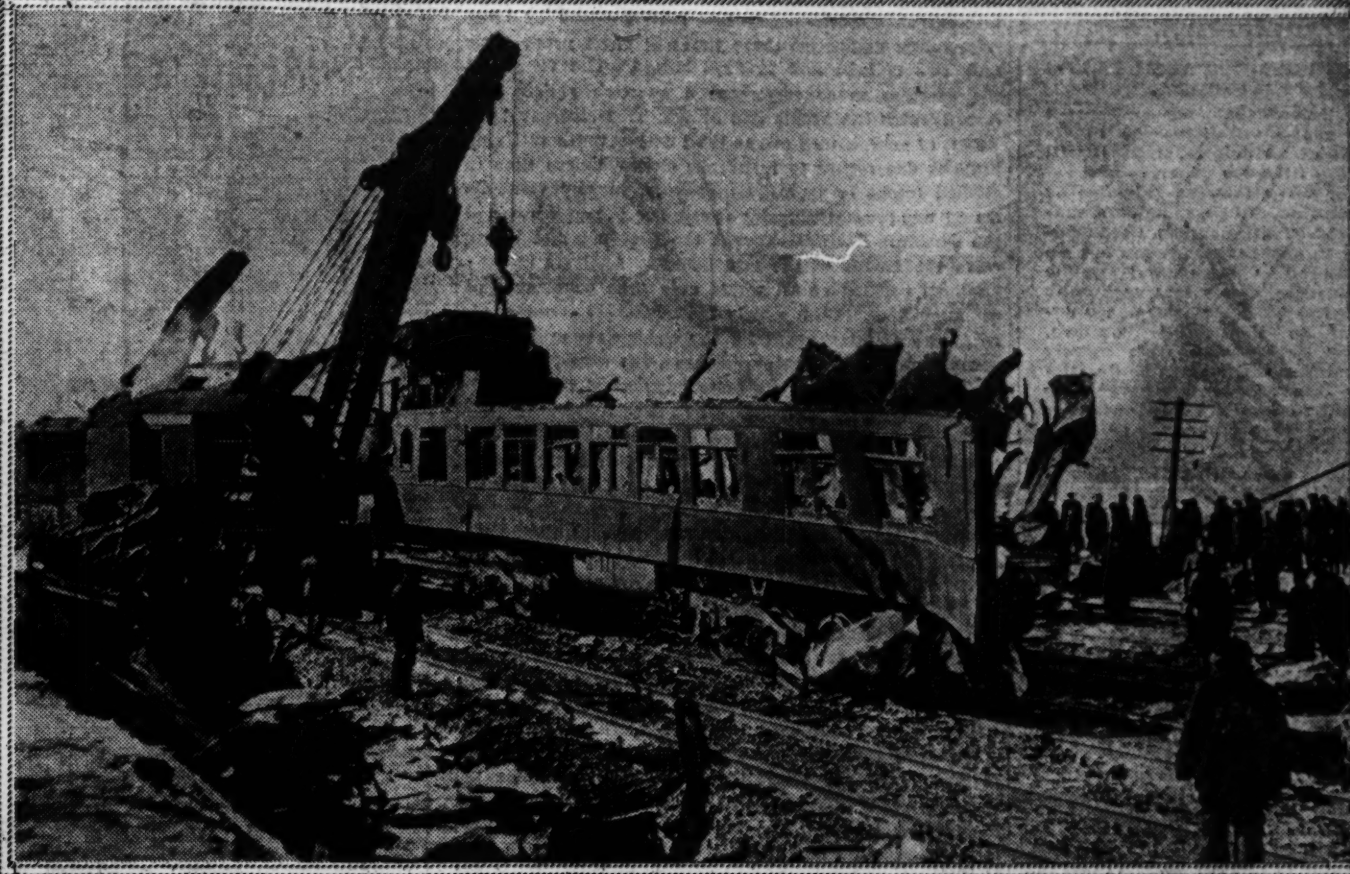




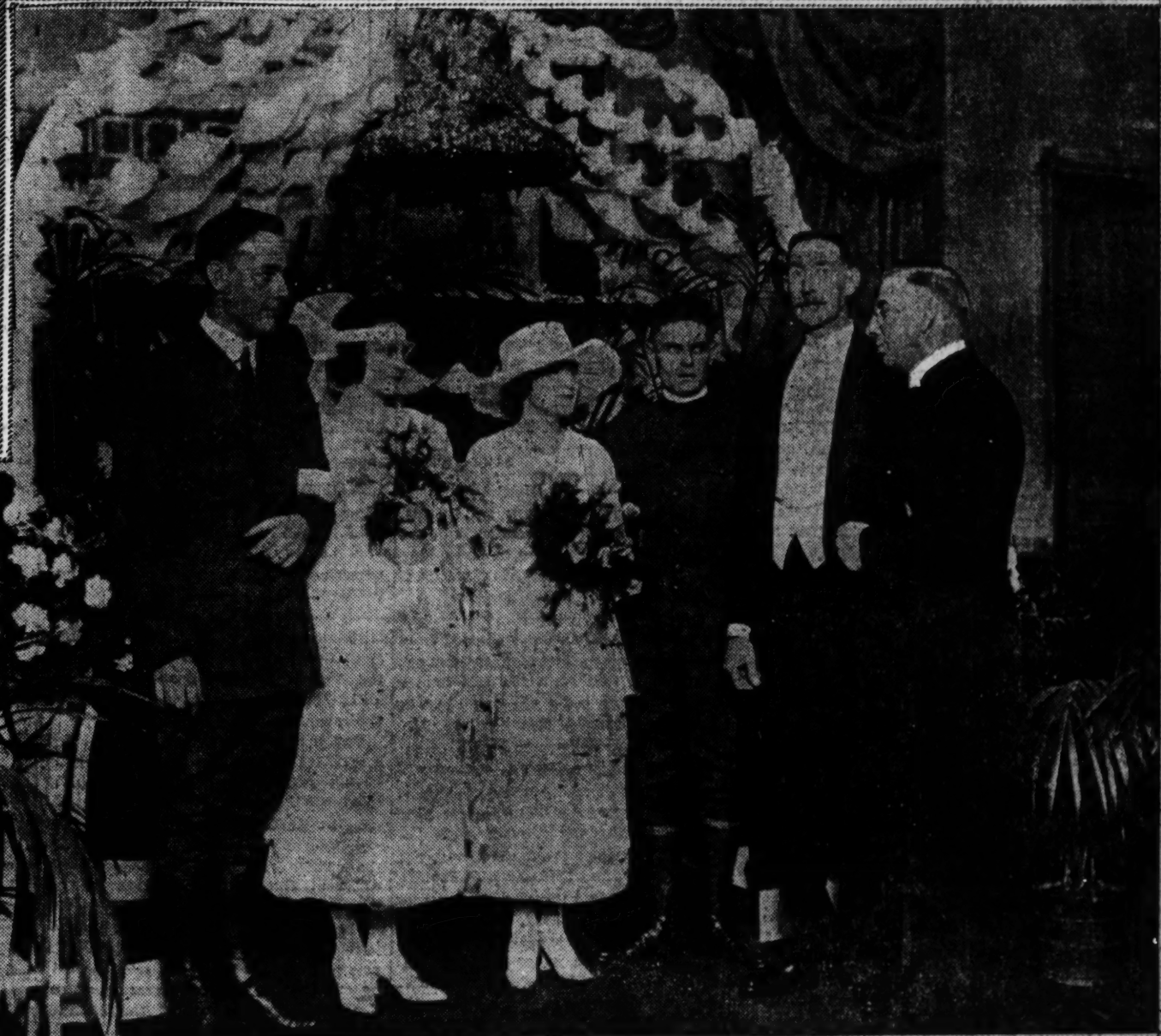
Jacqueline Lebaudy, whose mother killed her father, Jacques Lebaudy, "Emperor of Sahara."



Private Bob Slay of New York has six wound stripes, was decorated with Distinguished Service Cross, Croix Guerre and fourragere, showing citation of his unit, and was personally complimented by King George. —Copyright, Western Newspaper Unit.



Scene of New York Central wreck at South Byron, N. Y., where 22 persons were killed. —New York Herald Service.



Y. M. C. A. wedding in St. Louis—Miss Dorothy A. Allen becomes bride of Charles L. Bayha, associate secretary of Railroad Y. M. C. A.



New owners of New York Giants, who paid \$1,000,000 for club. Left to right, Francis X. McQuade, Charles A. Stoneham and John J. McGraw. —New York Herald Service.



American chaplain surrounded by happy French peasants liberated by Yankee capture of Sedan. —Copyright, Committee on Public Information.



Future Belgian troopers make friends with American cavalymen on march to the Rhine. —Copyright, Committee on Public Information.

Coats and  
25%  
Second Floor

00 Suits  
Coats

50  
Second Floor

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and Raincoats at

\$ 0.75  
\$ 8.40  
\$ 0.40  
\$ 11.75  
\$ 21.75  
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Second Floor

Suits



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\$5.90  
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Second Floor

coats

87

Young Men's  
suits to sell at  
fabrics, kinds  
in neat pat-

ercoats are in  
collar style, in  
portment of good  
and patterns. All

price, priced from  
Economy Store



**ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH**  
 Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER  
 Dec. 12, 1878.  
 Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.,  
 Twelfth and Olive Streets.  
**POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION**  
 Average for entire year, 1917:  
 Sunday ..... 361,263  
 Daily and Sunday ..... 194,593

#### THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.  
 April 10, 1907.

#### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Nullification of the Constitution.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The proposed amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors within the United States involves a complete change in our form of government.

The amendment proposes directly, by means of the Constitution, to legislate, whereas it should first grant the power of making the law to Congress; the amendment does not say that "The Congress shall have the power to enact a law prohibiting the sale, manufacture, etc., of intoxicating liquors within the United States," but it places the law squarely and directly in the Constitution, without conferring practically any power upon Congress at all.

The income tax amendment which was recently added to our Constitution provides that "Congress shall have the power to pass a national income tax law, etc." It does not place a national income tax law bodily into the Constitution, leaving Congress merely a rubber-stamp expert, but it specifically confers upon Congress the power to pass a national income tax law, so that Congress may exercise its constitutional function, that of lawmaking.

The national prohibition amendment places the prohibition law directly in the Constitution, granting to Congress no law-making power whatever, merely giving it the small and incidental power necessary to enforce the prohibition mandates of the amendment. This is direct legislation unadulterated, socialism pure and simple, legislation by means of the Constitution.

If we must have prohibition, why do prohibitionists not propose an amendment to our Federal Constitution, granting to Congress the power to pass a national prohibition law?

At the best a prohibition law must and will be experimental in its very nature, and if, after a thorough trial, it should prove harmful or undesirable to the American people, it could not be repealed even though a great majority of our people should desire its repeal. This is in direct opposition to our theory of majority rule, a most undemocratic proceeding. The result of this will be that changes will never be made in the Federal Constitution, or at least the demand for such changes will be constant and clamorous, and its reputation for stability and permanency will suffer.

Very few of the Legislatures that have already ratified the amendment were elected on that momentous issue. They had no popular mandate for ratification. Here in Missouri we have the strange spectacle of a Legislature elected at the same time that prohibition was defeated by a majority of 80,000 votes debating seriously the ratification of a proposition that was overwhelmingly repudiated by the people of our State. This is something akin to our rebel Legislature proceeding to take Missouri out of the Union after the people of the State had overwhelmingly declared in favor of keeping Missouri loyal to the cause of our country.

HENRY A. KERSTING.

Orphans Were Made Happy.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

On behalf of my board I want to express our gratitude for your kind and generous remembrance of our home at Christmas time. We have at present 60 children under our care and you were largely instrumental in making each one of them very happy on Christmas day.

At this time, when it costs so much to properly care for the children, we have very little to spend on the gifts that are necessary to the happiness at Christmas time and we are deeply grateful to you for your generous remembrance of them. Always appreciative of your interest in the institution, I am truly yours,

CLARA B. DANA,  
 Chairman St. Louis Protestant Orphan Asylum.

"Wake Up, St. Louis."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

In regard to the Kiel-United Railways company, wake up! We just made one side of the ocean safe for democracy, why not this side of the Mississippi River from St. Louis to Jefferson City. Why not use the power given us, namely, the referendum, to let the level-headed citizens get together and try it for justice sake.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Care of Unmade Streets.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Having been a resident of Austria Avenue for about ten years and also a taxpayer, I wish to make a few comments on what we are getting in return for our taxes. The gutters have not been opened in the past three years and after a heavy rain the water is from four to eight inches deep, and stands from two to three weeks before it dries. In the rainy season of the spring it is impossible to get fuel or provisions because merchants cannot get in with trucks or delivery wagons. If the gutters were opened, the water would drain and the street would dry, which would save us from lugging our provisions on our backs. We are obliged to the city for what they did for us three years ago and hope they will call again in the near future. A TAXPAYER.

#### THE THIRTY-SEVENTH STATE.

That in the water wagon of the states, converted into a band wagon, there was already considerable jostling and crowding when Missouri entered, to find the 36 seats occupied and the only role left to her that of straphanger—familiar enough role to her metropolitan population—may appear logical in a distant view. Prohibition as a State policy had been rejected by large referendum majorities three times in eight years—once only two months and 11 days before. The view that the decision in so important a question should rest directly with the people had always been strongly held.

But, of course, its rank as the thirty-seventh ratifying State is due rather to fortuitous circumstances than to studied intent or logic. Confessedly, in any view, its action was prompt enough. It came on the eighth day of the session. Ratification was the first measure to receive the assent of the two houses. Analysis of why Missouri ratified at all would only take cognizance of commonplaces. With nearly 100 of its 114 counties already dry and sentiment for the change elaborately organized and ever growing stronger, the example of the pell-mell rush of other states to the revised 1919 constitution was too strong to be resisted.

The change itself and the manner in which it is brought about are still at variance with the personal notions and political principles of very many Missourians. Let us hope that it will mean all that its worthiest advocates believe it will mean. Let us hope that, with an influence of recognized viciousness removed, our youth will follow new standards of manliness and older men exemplify a higher usefulness; that immorality will decline and crime suffer prompt detection and punishment. Let us hope that the debasing saloon's elimination will bring us politics on a higher plane, more resolute civil virtues, purer elections, honest, more efficient administration.

We have sacrificed so much of principle and have revolutionized our institutions to such an extent in turning over the police power of the State to centralized Federal Government, and we risk so much in the strengthening of bureaucracy in Washington that we ought to have large compensation in better morals and purer politics. We ought to have great good in return for the striking down of the saloon evil at so much unnecessary cost and danger.

Lord Robert Cecil says that a league of nations would have prevented the war by delaying a decision and subjecting the facts to the test of publicity. The war was arranged by telegraph, as the Nicky-Willie correspondence showed. And Willie got the drop on the rest before they could pull their guns. The people, who were to die, were not consulted.

#### TWO GREAT POWERS.

It was rather cheeky for Mayor Kiel and President McCulloch to validate all the franchises of the United Railways without reference to any legislature or court but it was cheekier to agree that the State Supreme Court shall affirm the decision of the Circuit Court in the Jefferson Avenue line case. We presume the Supreme Court, having no mind of its own, will obey their orders.

The Mayor said that he made the bargain with the United Railways in order to avert a receivership, thus taking the question of a receivership out of the hands of Judge Dyer of the United States District Court, before whom the receivership suit is pending.

If the interest of the United Railways requires it, doubtless these two Great Powers would revise the Constitution, make and interpret the laws, without the consent or approval of people, Legislature or courts.

What are such things between friends, anyhow? The ear-splitting roar of "ayes" in unison raised from coast to coast had already reached such a tremendous pitch when Missouri spoke that its voice was hardly heard. But the distant listener could tell that she was not saying anything in dissonance with the others.

#### THE EMPEROR OF SAHARA.

Many sane minds are near the border of lunacy. Jacques-Lebaudy was a lunatic who often seemed near the border line of sanity. The workings of some disordered minds have large interest for the observer, but the interest in Lebaudy was almost wholly pathological. His adventures in three continents revealed some acute and ought to have been diverting, but they also showed a flightiness that was wearying.

Son of the head of the French Sugar Trust, he inherited \$15,000,000 nearly 30 years ago, afterward receiving other legacies on the death of his mother, and because of his dissipations and extravagances was known on the Parisian boulevards as the Big Sugar Bowl, in distinction from a brother, the Little Sugar Bowl.

Opposite the Canary Islands, in Africa, there was, in 1903, a sort of No Man's Land, 185 miles on the coast and extending inland indefinitely. After having a crown and scepter and coronation robes made and a set of postage stamps printed, Lebaudy set sail for this district on an armed yacht, with the most nondescript company of followers ever collected in modern times, said to number 500, and took possession as the Emperor of Sahara.

But he was incapable of persistence. His empire dissolved at the first difficulty. The French Government sent an expedition to rescue several of his "subjects" who had been captured by the Arabs. Because it assessed the cost against Lebaudy and subjected him to other treatment he held to be an indignity to an Emperor, he quit France and had favored America with his residence since 1907.

He was cowardly, mean, despicable, a pest whom even wealth could not render tolerable, and still he is said once to have made a million on a turn in the New York stock market. He should long ago have been put under permanent restraint. Some such end as the one he met when shot by his wife, to whom his cruelties had become unendurable, was from the first to be expected.

The recall of Mayor Kiel is earnestly urged by some. Well, that is just what the recall is for—to give the plain citizen a chance to express himself after a performance as questionable and as much subject to just protest as the one that went into Mr. Kiel's record with the recognition of the United Railways doubtful franchises.

Secretary Lane's bill to provide land for soldiers seems to be stalled somewhere on the long, long train.

Motorman Kiel firmly grasped his controller and went to the aid of Conductor McCulloch, and, of course, Mr. Public, the passenger, got the worst of it.

Judged from the standard that is set up in some quarters, Theodore Roosevelt wasn't such a great man after all. He was only half a millionaire.



THE BURGLAR: GEE, I WAS A PIKER!

#### The MIRROR of PUBLIC OPINION

This column is designed to reproduce without bias the latest comment by the leading publicists, newspaper editors and periodicals on the questions of the day.

#### DRIFTING IN A SEA OF BLOOD.

From the New York World.

WHETHER or not the suggestion of the British Government was the wisest and most practical solution of the Russian problem, it had the very great merit of presenting a definite and an intelligible policy. In fact, this suggestion from London is the only definite and intelligible Russian policy that any of the allied Governments has put forth since the revolution.

The British Government proposed that a message be sent to the Government of Soviets at Moscow, the Governments of Gen. Kolchak at Omsk, of Gen. Denikin at Ekaterinodar, of Gen. Tschalikovsky at Archangel and to all the other governments created by different Russian nationalities, inviting them "completely to cease hostilities, violence and reprisals and establish peace both among each other and with the neighboring states." This truth was to be maintained "for the duration of the peace conference, one of the ends of which is to re-establish peace in Russia and the neighboring countries and bring the desired succor to the suffering populations." In case all these various Russian governments complied with these terms, "they would be permitted to send delegates to the peace conference."

In rejecting the British proposal, Mr. Pichon, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared that the French Government could "make no contract with crime," and that it would continue to treat the Bolshevik government in Russia "as an enemy." But this is precisely what France is not doing, nor is any other country doing it. To treat the Bolshevik government in Russia as an enemy might not be a wise policy, either, but it would be a definite and intelligible policy, a policy that could be understood. That would mean war against the Bolsheviks in Russia, war waged by force of arms on Russian soil by adequate military forces. This policy will not be adopted.

Neither the French nor the British nor the Italians could send large detachments of troops to Russia for that purpose, and the Bolshevik leaders know it quite as well as Paris and London and Rome know it. The French are not treating the Bolshevik government as an enemy. They are simply refusing to associate with it, while they give casual encouragement to the various factions that are battling against Bolshevism.

In the meantime, the Bolshevik movement spreads, and seems likely to continue to spread, because there is no effective opposition to it. The British suggestion did not involve recognition of the Bolshevik government, as Mr. Pichon assumes. It did not involve recognition of anybody, but merely permitted all the warring elements in that distracted country to send representatives to the peace conference to discuss the basis of peace in Russia. That is not a highly radical proposal, nor can it fairly be described as a "contract with crime." Surely, if the British proposal is to be rejected outright, there ought to be a counter policy, and no counter policy has been presented. The sum and substance of Mr. Pichon's answer is that Russia must continue to drift in a sea of blood.

#### JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH by Clark McDams.

#### PANETELA.

Y ES, Luella, Old Bill Bryan Sees his points Prevail in time. Though he would Have liked it better Had they carried Them. Take, for instance, Prohibition—While he doubtless Felt a thrill, After all, It can do nothing Greatly benefitting Bill.

Thus it has been, Little girlie, Pretty much With every point; Somehow, When he undertook Them, Times were always Out of joint. Even silver, Which occasioned The matter, Forgotten row, Brings a dollar, So they tell us, In the metal Market now.

Let us hope That Mr. Wilson's Sense of time Surpasses Bill's In the matter Of the current Patent remedies For ills. Sedly, When the things Get scattered, Stringing in As best they can, One dissociates The matter From the genius Of the man.

Would we even Know of Moses Had his points, A power still, Been accepted In the piecemeal Manner typical Of Bill? No, indeed, My little girlie; In this most Admirable of stunts, Men who wanted Persist forever Put their points All through at once.

That is all, My sweet Luella—Just a smile Amid the din, Recollecting What a luckless Promulgator Bill has been. One day scarce Succeeded another But our fancy Calmly picks Some reform He advocated Back in 1896.

A factory sign, Washington Avenue:

Front Pocket Workers.

Bolshevism, which a short while ago was thought to be menacing the world, is apparently receding. It found its Marne in Germany, and is digging in somewhere in Poland. Its defeat in Germany has been emphasized by the killing of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. Evidently the Germans are aroused. The trouble with Bolshevism is that it can appeal only to a disinherited people. The Russians embraced it because they wanted the land back. They have the land now, and they will desert the Bolsheviks. Indeed, they have already begun to do so. They will not let it divide their crops. Germany was always poor against Bolshevism, just as this country is. The Germans are not a disinherited people. They have not been turned off the land. They have something. It takes a pretty badly disordered brain to imagine that a new deal all around can be brought about in a country where the people own the land. However, there are brains like that. The Bolsheviks went down into Germany as if everybody in Germany were paying rent. The consequence has been defeat and the shooting of our old friend Spartacus, who has by this time become the symbol of an impracticable idea.

Florida has a progressive penalty for larceny by which one gets one's self in jail for as long as one cares to be there. Thus, the first spree meets with a reprimand. The second is punished with a fine. The third means jail, where the term is determined by the number of the offense. Thus, the tenth offense may mean 60 days. The climate in Florida is pretty much the same throughout the year, and people have to have something to take the place of our own change in the seasons.

A man in Denver advertised fine old vinegar at \$5 a quart. Denver is as dry as a covered bridge, and the knowing ones readily divined this to be whiskey. They flocked to the place, and slipped over their money. The seller's face was as blank as anything in the Arabian Nights. However, that did not alarm any of his customers. They only recalled it when, getting home with what they bought, they found it was vinegar.

#### TO THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

LEADER of men, wide-visioned, And strong, thou gav'st large measure to the world. Whole-hearted, brave—no uphill task didst shrink. Thy tent was wide—no stockade compassed thee. Seeing beyond the common walks of men, Thou breathest the keen, strong air of mountain tops. No pale-eyed priest wert thou, whose vision dim Didst wait the slumbering minds of men; but thou Didst blaze, unlighted and alone, thy path. Upright thy heart, thy compass fixed and firm; And honest was thy heart, thy purpose right. The world is larger for thy life, and paths Of men are wider than before. Thy temple stands, Reared high within the hearts of men, secure.

ALBERT L. BERRY.

## Rumania Wants Frontiers Fixed by Secretly Bargained Treaty That Brought Her Into the War

By DR. E. J. DILLON,

A Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

(Copyright, 1919, in the United States and Canada by the Philadelphia Public Ledger Co. Copyright in Great Britain by the London Daily Telegraph.) By Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, Jan. 18.

DEMOBILIZATION of a section of British foreign officials, too massive in Paris, constitutes a conspicuous item in the news of today's press. The work of reducing this formidable diplomatic force has been actually begun, but the authorities, having inspected the staff and realized their numbers and the difficulty of employing them have ordered a committee of inquiry to assemble and make recommendations for a substantial reduction in the various departmental missions and it anticipates that the service of 50 per cent may be utilized on the other side of the channel.

#### Rumanian Question.

At the sitting in which the terms of the armistice were fixed, a number of interesting matters were mooted after Marshal Foch's departure. Chief among them had to do with the representation of Rumania at the peace conference and the allied representatives were confronted with the delicate task of taking a decision which might perhaps be liable to misinterpretation by one or the other of the two sections of Rumanians, to both of which it is indebted for support, moral or military, and each of which would naturally wish to see its leader invested with plenipotentiary powers.

The treaty, they argue, lost its force when a separate peace was signed at Bucharest and the equity which takes its place prohibits the allotment of a province populated by the Slavs, Magyars and others to Rumania whose determination to Rumanize them was so firm that her official spokesman threatened, if he were opposed by Russia, to resign the premiership and abandon the reigns of power to a Germanophile Cabinet. All patriotic Rumanians ardently desire the annexation of the Banat, but probably some think they discern a flaw in the argument on which the case before the conference rests.

The observant politicians hold it is not impossible that the conference, with the view to producing a minimum of dissatisfaction among the various great and small states, may feel unable to allot to the Jugo-Slavs every square kilometer of territory they demand in other places where their claims may seem dubious and will, therefore, not hand over the compact body of Serbs in the Banat to Rumania, already receiving such a large increase in territory.

#### Compromise Needed.

I record this view without further comment than that the conference would be delighted to have the Rumanians, Greeks and Jugo-Slavs could be induced to meet and interchange views among themselves on all territorial questions that interest them alone, and by dint of give and take, strike up a compromise and by thus indicating their maturity for membership in a league of nations.

For it is surmised that another aspect of the matter may be pressed forward—an aspect which appeals to the Slav delegates, who are Rumanian competitors for the Banat. Temevar, settling that the western districts of that country are inhabited mainly by Serbs. The view taken by these is that as the agreement stipulating that Rumania should not make a separate peace, the whole treaty, as a binding diplomatic instrument, was formally vitiated by the peace concluded at Bucharest by the Marghioloman Cabinet.

Obviously a purely formal nullification of a treaty in no wise alters the friendly disposition of the allied Powers toward Rumania, whose sterling services and military heroism they fully recognize and treasure, and also her right to every rod of

Webster; Galena; Robert L. Morton.

Mason; Porter Munson, Pontiac; Leroy Mutter, Grand View.

Wounded, degree undetermined—

Alex E. Butler, Fulton; Guy H. Fife.

Valley City; John Boland Jr., Topeka (previously reported missing).

Fred C. Harris, Pontiac (previously reported missing).

Returned to duty (previously reported missing)—Orvil R. Kennedy.

Dahlgren; George Coleman, Cairo.

MISSOURI.

Killed in action (previously reported missing)—Wayne E. Hayward, Springfield.

Died from wounds—Walter Stout, Des Arc; Earl P. Best, Bogard; John L. Lockhart, Linneus.

Died of disease—Robert B. Craig, Kansas City.

Wounded severely—Ora W. Tuttle, Sedalia.

Wounded, degree undetermined—

Robert E. Williams, Fremont; Sergt. William C. Burrow, Sarcoxie (previously reported missing); Otis Kieth, Louisiana; Albert E. McCellan, Oram; John T. Dunkin, St. Joseph (previously reported missing).

Wounded slightly—Sergt. Walter W. Haversick, De Soto (previously reported missing); Corp. Oscar H. Hendricks, Uman.

Returned to duty (previously reported missing)—Sergt. Elijah Carpenter, Seymour; Bert Allison, Greenfield; Fred K. Arnold, Malta Bend; Walter W. Carter, Santa Fe; Henry Oelrichs, Mora.

ILLINOIS.

Died from wounds—Frank J. Fitzgerald, Mattson.

Died of disease—O. R. Alexander, Springfield; John A. Redina, Marine.

Missing in action—Edwin Behnen, Golden Eagle.

Wounded severely—Howard J. district.

ILLINOIS Appointment Made.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Use of radio telephone for two-way conversation between a person using a telephone and an aviator in flight was officially demonstrated for the first time yesterday when Major General Kenly, director of military aeronautics, seated before a desk telephone in his office in the War Department at Bolling Field, where the radio system was installed. The apparatus and circuits used were designed and installed by members of radio branch of the air service.

By use of the land line officials could have a more matter of detail for a person in an office in Washington to talk with an aviator flying over San Francisco.

ILLINOIS Appointment Made.

By the Associated Press.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 17.—Federal Judge Louis Fitzhugh announced the appointment of Paul O. Thompson of Jacksonville, as special referee in bankruptcy for the western part of Southern Illinois district.

## Letters From War Women

Miss Constance Scully in Pyrenees T. U. S.

By M.

MISS CONSTANCE SCULLY

In November with

College, writes to her

avenue, that she is now

at Le Bourbourg, which

Miss Scudder was one day

visited. In a ship letter she

Coming out of New York

"was thrilling. We

30 Sunday evening of 2

we had to wait for the

Commissioner and his

had a convey the first

but four airplanes and a

but sitting on our deck

a night we ran with

and all lights out, had

etc. Then we got the

the signing of the armistice

we have had all the

lights. \* \* \* Saturday night

a costume ball in the

armistice. It seems it is

held on a French liner

clearly stated interpreted

purpose of her work—

the following letter, is tim

midst of much misappreh

Y. M. C. A. work. "K

children around" may no

in hardship to what the

expected before we

but certainly, as it wards

and impatience incl

utilization, and the m

ing in wait for idle

portant. And the bit of

of a trip to Rheims, c

another letter, shows th

steamer to have been read

to "most anything in th

physical discomfort and

writes:

"Hotel Splendid, La Bour

Puy-Du-D

Dear Mother: Hope you

with above address. Y

the job at last and just

the awful hardships of w

are suffering. We are

very nice hotel, not over

but as



Fixed  
Treaty  
to the War

Dispatch.  
Philadelphia Ledger Co.  
(Telegraph.)

PARIS, Jan. 18.

Officials, too massed  
news of today's pro-  
diplomatic force has  
expected the staff and  
all they have ordered  
mendations for a sub-  
ons and it anticipates  
the other side of the

manin came in.  
of this politico-per-  
with tact, are common  
Polish puzzle. For the  
gna has also a de-  
side, respecting which  
is, rightly or wrongly,  
settled views.  
entered into the war in  
1914 after two years  
lining, relieved by long  
reflection. In these ne-  
senior Bratiano played  
patriotic trustee of his  
hose services he set a  
higher value, con-  
the fluctuating in the  
situation.

ent in the conversation  
of all of Bratiano's  
ely, Transylvania, Bu-  
the Banat, stipulating  
Serbian population of  
vince should not be  
to this provision, Brati-  
d and a month later  
constrained by circum-  
withdrew it, whereupon  
ent was concluded and  
ered the war.

ment is the instrument  
with which Bratiano,  
is indissolubly associat-  
increase in his coun-  
ry, desires to have Ru-  
lers fixed. As the Brit-  
ent has declared pub-  
than one occasion,  
treaties still hold good,  
apparently an excellent  
rally desires to have  
forbly and in unison  
two delegates.

a Representation.  
all no secret when I  
delegates of the great  
gladly ratify any agree-  
they concluded and would  
wonderfully beholden to  
us facilitating the task  
ence. The delegates,  
into the question of  
tentative, adjourned, and  
a future sitting, in  
ch are not divulged.

blity of admitting Rus-  
sians to the confer-  
ence up for discussion.  
re the delegates decided  
final decision until later.  
data may be available  
them to make up their  
Sazonoff arrives today  
ists from the Siberian  
Don population, and  
views on the necessity  
of the constructive ele-  
ment, not only in the in-  
Slav people, but of the  
elves.

lena: Robert L. Morton,  
er Munson, Pontiac; Le-  
Grand View.

degree undetermined—  
er, Fulton; Guy H. Fri-  
st; John Boland Jr., To-  
only reported misdeeds  
rie, Pontiac (previously  
sine).

to duty (previously re-  
ing)—Orvil R. Kennedy,  
George Coleman, Cairo.

RADIO CONVERSATION

May Now Talk With  
ing in San Francisco.

ated Press.

ETON, Jan. 17.—Use of  
one for two way conver-  
sation a person using a line  
and an aviator in flight  
y demonstrated for the  
yesterday when Major  
olly, director of military  
seated before a desk  
in his office in the War  
and Lieut. Lucas in an  
ine over Bolling Field, where  
in an office in Washing-  
with an aviator flying  
ancisco.

Appointment Made.  
ated Press.

INGTON, Ill., Jan. 17.—  
ge Louis Fitzhugh has  
the appointment of Paul  
on of Jacksonville, as spe-  
in bankruptcy for the  
art of Southern Illinois

Letters From St. Louis Girl  
War Workers in France--VII

Miss Constance Scudder Tells Y. M. C. A. Duties  
in Pyrenees Town in Leave Area for  
U. S. Enlisted Men.

By Marguerite Martyn.

MISS CONSTANCE SCUDDER, Y. M. C. A. worker who went over  
in November with a unit organized by her alma mater, Wells  
College, writes to her mother, Mrs. W. A. Scudder, 4063 Washing-  
ton, that she is now assigned to the leave area for U. S. enlisted  
men at Le Bourbois, which is in the Pyrenees Mountains.

Miss Scudder was one day out at sea when news of the armistice was  
received. In a ship letter she describes the memorable situation.  
Coming out of New York, she  
was thrilling. We sailed at  
the Sunday instead of 3 Saturday.  
We had to wait for the French  
Commissioner and his party.  
We had a convey the first day and  
four airplanes and a dirigible  
sitting on one deck. The  
night we ran with portholes  
and all lights out, had a life  
etc. Then we got the wireless  
signaling of the armistice, so  
we had all the lights and  
lights. It seems it is the first  
held on a French liner."

Clearly stated interpretation of  
purpose of her work contained  
the following letter, is timely in  
light of much misapprehension  
of Y. M. C. A. work. "Keeping  
children amused" may not com-  
ing in hardship to what the can-  
er expected before the war and  
as certainly, as it wards off the  
ment to, have been ready and  
to most anything in the way  
physical discomfort and hardship.  
writes:

"Hotel Splendide, La Bourbois.  
Puy-d-Donne.

Dear Mother: Hope you are im-  
pressed with above address. We are  
the job at last and just let me tell  
the awful hardships of war that  
are suffering. We are quartered  
very nice hotel, not over-much  
but as much as there is any-  
J. and I have single rooms,  
comfortable, opening one into  
another; a stand with hot and cold  
water; a hot tub on the floor  
as when an officer doesn't oc-  
the room, and always one on  
floor below. Rather tough, isn't  
Do you suppose my delicate con-  
stitution will stand it? Really I feel  
the worst old sickly thing I am  
in but our hours are so  
and we have so little real work.  
Bourbois is an enlisted men's  
area. It is a beautiful place,  
like Arcadia, Mo., only the  
mainly a little more rugged.  
There are about 1200 men sent in  
at a week's leave. The Y. M. C. A.  
and the scenery are about the  
attractions here and as: "Yes,  
am, this sure is some scenery."  
is that chapter with the majority  
the men you can see it's up to  
Y.

## TOO MANY CROOKS A Story of Laughs and Thrills

(Continued from yesterday.)

CHAPTER XX (Continued).

"Oh—ye-es," observed Black-

stone slowly. "Yes—of course."

He paused and wrinkled his fore-

head. "What makes you think

that is to say, where does this

mention hook up with the prob-

lem idea?"

"I'll explain," said Wright patient-

ly. "The first part of my premon-

ition is due to the fact that certain

detectives employed by Mrs.

the, as the result of her garden

rhododendron."

"Oh, well, but those gentlemen,

work by the day?"

"Well, certain other private de-

tectives, representing worthy gentle-

men of this community who have

been informed by our excellent friend,

Fanny, that payday is at

hand, are also in the neighborhood."

Blackstone raised his eyebrows.

"The town police," continued Bid-

dwell, "assisted by an astute

(detective) from New York

Quarters, have somehow ob-

tained the notion that a certain Fri-

mmy is sojourning in our little

community, and not wholly for the

benefit of his health."

The lawyer pursed his lips and

was in silence.

This morning I chanced to drop

the postoffice," added the mas-

ter-crook, "and there, in conference

our Postmaster, were a couple

of inspectors whom I recognized

with difficulty. Somewhere, in my

premonition, these postoffice in-

spector are connected with the

fears of the assiduous

Blackstone looked up at the cell-

ar and whistled.

To continue, Marshall—that is, I

premonition doesn't bore you?"

"Oh, go on, by all means. I'm

bored."

To continue, then, this unexpec-

little pickpocket with whom we

were living and eating three

days had seen two other gen-

tlemen cause him anguish of mind

and loss of sleep. Which indicates

that Benny has a slight pre-

monition on his own account."

"Anything else?"

Yes, indeed. Did you ever hear

of the secret service?"

Don't ask useless questions. Go

man!"

I have a faint premonition—it

is from a chance observation or

## WORRIES OF THE OFFICE BOY

"Who'll Send Us Out for the Score if the Boys Don't Get Back Before Spring?"



(the universal name for a French-

man over here. You never hear an

American call them anything else)

and smells that we couldn't stand it

so we went into the place where the

military police stay. It was a barn

of a place, no windows, a skylight

that leaked horribly, two stoves and

three lamps. Five perfectly good

American soldiers have to live in this

pig-pen. We waited here for four

hours, when finally the train ambled

in, so full that they wouldn't even

open the doors to let us in. There

were the three of us, a couple of

American officers and loads of

French soldiers. We ran frantically

from car to car pounding on the

doors and all we got was, "Non, non,

pas de place." We had all separated,

and we were all perfectly pan-

icked, thinking that the other two

were on and we were left. Finally

we all met and were much relieved

to find that none of us were on. Then

one of the American officers said:

"Do you really want to make that

train?" I said, "I really do." So

he called out to some soldiers by an

open window, "Look out, boys. I'm

going to lift three American girls

through the window." The boys

moved down about two inches, which

was the best they could do, and pre-

pared to receive the girls.

"I hate to think of the sight we

must have presented. We had on

long underwear, tight, wool stock-

ings and heavy shoes, caked with

mud. Instead of American girls,

these huge, muddy boots and fat,

wooly, fraulein legs were thrust

through the window. Then, to make

matters worse, there is a bar half

way across the window and to duck

under the bar we had to scrun-

ch down so that our corsets caught

on the sill. The men inside pulled

the men outside pushed, and we stuck

fast. It was coming to end. They

saw the train, stood up all night and

got to Paris about 8:30. A hot bath and

our own good bed at the Lutetia,

certainly looked fine to us.

"We slept until 2 and then went

to the Y. M. C. A. and got our as-

signment and started the somewhat

complicated process of getting out of

Paris.

"Love to all. CON."

By E. J. RATH.

Author of "Too Much Efficiency."

"Oh, camouflage!" observed Black-

stone, airily.

"You'll need a lot of it before

you are finished, my son. Things

have changed since we converted this

mansion from a household to a

hangout. Our friends have since

harkened to the call of the wild. If

they ever needed protection, this is

the little old psychological moment.

And now we find ourselves storm-

bound, without even an anchor of

hope."

"It's not my fault," retorted Black-

stone.

"Certainly it is. You didn't look

after your end of the work."

"There wasn't any need. They

came here with a clean bill of health,

so far as the law was concerned.

Why didn't you keep 'em that way?"

Bidwell Wright merely stared.

"That's the whole trouble," added

the lawyer. "You didn't keep 'em

that way. You let 'em go crooked."

"What do you think I am, a mis-

sionary?"

"God forbid! But I figured you'd

boss your own end of the job."

"You seem to forget, Marshall,

that we promised these people all

kinds of protection—all but and every-

thing else—and told them to go to it.

You were here when I happened.

Why didn't you tip us off then?"

Blackstone made a gesture of in-

difference and Wright frowned.

"At the very least, I was entitled to

a warning," declared the master

crook. "To say nothing, by the way,

of Miss Browning."

"Seems to me you do quite a bit

of that."

"Not necessary?"

"Of course not. At the time you

got your bunch together—through

the Senator—you told me that not a

single one of them was wanted for

anything. They were all at liberty,

looking for engagements. There

wasn't a single indictment against

any of 'em. So they didn't need any

protection. They just hired out to

be crooks, as it were, and actors don't

need protection."

"Some do," observed Wright. "So

you didn't go to the police at all?"

"What was the use? They didn't

have an alarm out for any of our

crowd. And what the police don't

know needs't worry anybody. We

weren't taking any chances."

Blackstone spoke somewhat jaun-

tily, but did not succeed in commu-

nicating his mood to Bidwell Wright.

"They were all at liberty, if

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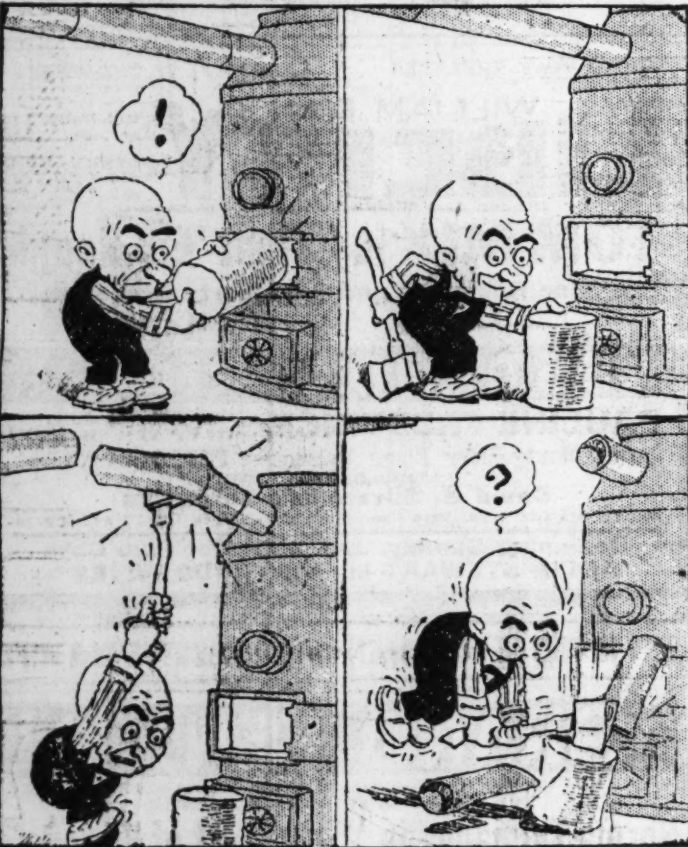




Let the Wedding Bells Ring Out.



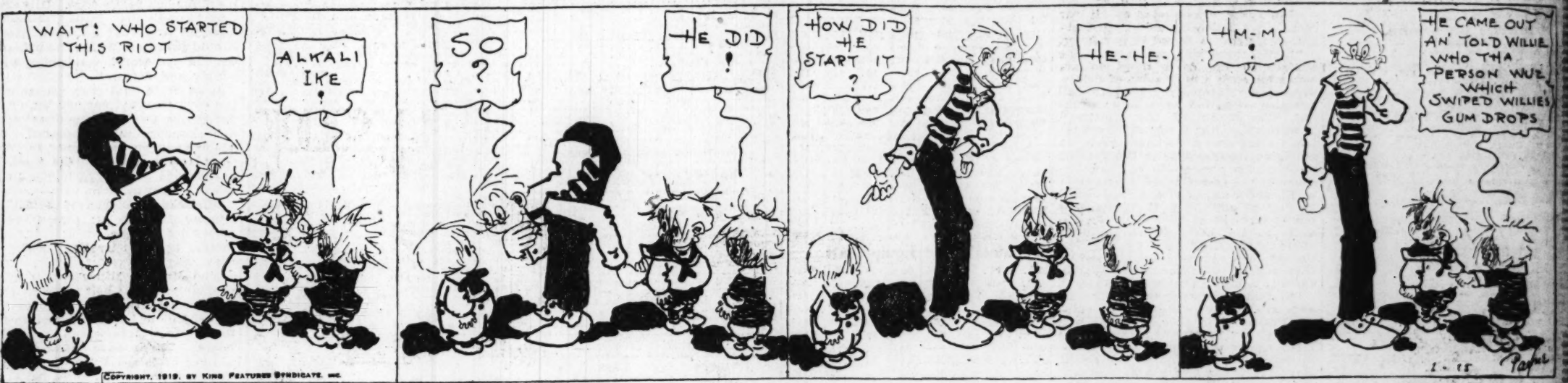
Grindstone George.



MUTT AND JEFF—ON THE LEVEL ISN'T JEFF A BUM SHOT.—By BUD FISHER.



“SAY, POP!”—SUSPICION SEEMS TO POINT AT AMBROSE—By PAYNE



THE WAR HAS MADE THE BUGLE A NATIONAL INSTITUTION—By GOLDBERG



PENNY ANTE—A Guy From the Home Town .. By Jean Knott



Stories St. Louisans Tell

**CAPT. FRANK S. SEEVER.** A. E. while acting paymaster, made salary payments to the men with French paper money, some of which, he says, in size and appearance, was a reminder of wall paper. Many of the troops were negroes, who received the money with dubious head shakings. Once, after all had been paid, and the Captain was in his quarters, checking accounts, a negro soldier requested permission to speak to him. Exhibiting a double handful of French paper money, the caller said: "Captain, dis shore an funny money. We fellows kain't have no game wid dis kindy 'o' money. Kain't yo' help us out?" The Captain was without remedy.

**DANDRUFF SURELY DESTROYS THE HAIR.** Girls—if you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't. It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips. By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never fails.—ADV.

**Johnson Bros. Drug Co.** SEVENTH AND ST. CHARLES

**SAT. CIGAR SNAPS**  
Idle Hours Stogies Saturday 2 for 5c; \$2.50 for 100 box.

<b>Autocrat—Handmade</b> Mild Domestic; 7c value, 5c 25 can, \$1.25.	<b>HI VULTO</b> Mild Havana, 7c value, 5c 50 box, \$2.50.
<b>HELIOIS</b> Genuine Imported Manila; 5c straight value 8 for 30c —100 box, \$2.50.	<b>Lampert Turkish</b> Good as any 10-center; 6 for 35c. 50 box, \$2.50.
<b>Havana Invincible</b> Genuine long Havana Filler, 10c value—50 box, \$2.75; each, 6c	<b>SANITARY MAID</b> 5c value; mild domestic, 6 for 25c. 50 box, \$1.60.
<b>EL VERSO</b> Large, 2 for 25c; perfect; extra 10c straight—50 box, \$5.00. Box of 10, \$1.00—Box of 50, \$4.50.	<b>CIGARETTES</b> By the carton. Camels, carton, 200.....\$1.40 Piedmonts, carton, 200.....\$1.40 Chesterfield, carton, 200.....\$1.40 Fatima, carton, 200.....\$1.00 Home Run, carton, 240.....\$1.40 Lucky Strike, carton, 200.....\$1.40

**TIKADO TOBACCO** 24c  
30c tin.....24c  
**CHILLETTE BLADES**, packages of 6.....42c

**SUGAR** Standard 10 Lbs. 99c  
granulated.....

**CAMPBELL'S SOUPS** Chicken Gumbo, Mock Turtle, Vegetable and Tomato.....PER 10c CAN

**Campbell's Pork & Beans** In tomato sauce.....CAN 14c

**NAVY BEANS** Choice Hand-Picked Michigan, per lb.....10c

**TOMATOES** Solid pack; No. 2 cans, 11c; No. 1 cans, 18c; 3 for 25c

**SALMON** Pink fish of good quality, sound, fat, corn.....10c

**BREAD** You will like this bread, for it is rich, wholesome and brown crusted; 1-1/2 lb. loaf.....5c

**Baking Powder** (Armstrong's) 24c; Bulk Cocoa Good quality.....25c

**SOAP** CLEAN EASY OR LENOX 10 BARS 48c

**KROGER'S** U. S. F. A. LICENSE No. G-9271, 8-92184

Double Value  
The number  
St. Louis  
the Globe-D

VOL. 71. NO.

**PEA**  
CIVIC LEAGUE  
URGE RECALL  
KIEL, NOLT

Considering Also  
Today Taking L  
to Abrogate M  
With United R

ANOTHER RECO  
MOVE UNDE

President of Alder  
diates His A  
Agreement—  
Conduct Inquir

The Civic League is  
afternoon to consider  
recall Mayor Kiel, Con  
and President Aloe of  
Aldermen, and to res  
take legal action to  
Mayor's deal with the  
ways, whereby he agre  
sion of the franchise  
pany to 1919.

The United Railwa  
of the Civic League  
ing into the conf  
its investigation  
that probably legal  
would be inadequate,  
recall of the Mayor  
officials would prob  
instituted for any  
lied."

It is regarded as  
meeting will result  
favor of the recall  
of the Board of E  
portionment, consist  
Comptroller and P  
Board of Aldermen,  
board, the members  
elective officials, the  
deal with the United

Deal an Execu  
The only practical  
rate the deal, it has  
in the Civic League  
to remove the execu  
responsible for an  
with the company in  
successors may repu  
Consideration of the  
under way in the Civ  
Thursday afternoon,  
pected that the lea  
its conclusions will  
this evening. Frank  
423 Westminster pla  
the Crunden-Martin  
Co., is president of  
He formerly was a  
City Council, and is  
the Mayor's Citizens  
Committee.

After a referendum  
here, the Civic Leagu  
Feb. 10, 1919, that  
would devote the  
mental municipal qu  
larly those dealing w  
sage abuses. Its inte  
to follow a policy of  
but close scrutiny  
sures, dissemination  
tained information,  
same, followed by an  
liant opposition to a  
city selfish privileges  
way encroas upon  
rights of the public."

Evidences of In  
Indignation at the  
with the United R  
pressed in the fol  
events:

The Board of Al  
only one dissenting  
a committee to in  
deal. The board her  
quiesced to virtuall  
or act of the May  
ent balk is regarde  
and in the gear bo  
erio well-oiled city  
machine.

President Aloe of  
Aldermen repudiate  
of the deal, given a  
the Board of Estim  
Unnament, declaring  
did not state the  
deal to be the valid  
company's franchis  
but stated only th  
ognized the validit  
non avenue line in  
that date. Aloe is  
City Counselor, den  
if the Mayor's act  
tive and hence un  
rights of the Board  
The  
League decided to  
of the circulation of  
recall of Mayor K  
Public mass me  
o'clock tomorrow  
Central Library, 3  
Oliver streets.

The Board of C  
Chamber of Comm  
cial meeting, se  
Wilkinson, presid  
Continued on Pa